

# Technique Interior Release December 2016

# interior for people who create

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NOTE PLEASE SEE MORE ABOUT THE LATEST VERSION OF THIS BROCHURE ONLINE AT WWW.FUNDERMAX.AT

THE DIAGRAMS IN THIS TECHNICAL INFORMATION ARE SCHEMATICAL REPRESENTATIONS AND ARE NOT TRUE TO SCALE. THIS ISSUE REPLACES ALL OTHER ISSUES OF EXTERIOR TECHNIQUES BROCHURES OF FUNDERMAX WHICH WERE PUBLISHED BEFORE.

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# For people who create

With this brochure we want to provide you with as much technical information as possible on the FunderMax Compact panel for indoor use.

FunderMax Compact Interior is not only suitable for use in sanitary and wet rooms. The quality of the panels means that it is also suitable for all other indoor usage such as wall cladding, railing infill panels, furniture, tables, desks, column cladding and lab equipment etc.

Due to our wide variety of products, FunderMax Compact Interior can be used for almost any indoor purpose.

You will find a wide range of different examples of use at www.fundermax.at

If you have any questions which may not be covered in this brochure, please do not hesitate to consult our sales team and the application engineers. We will be more than happy to help.

# What Max Compact Interior can do

FunderMax Compact Interior panels are high-pressure laminate panels (HPL) manufactured to standard EN 438 that are produced in laminate presses under high pressure at high temperature. They are particularly suitable for demanding and decorative applications (e.g. furniture, office furniture, wall cladding, sanitary facilities etc.)..

















# scratch resistant

easy to clean

solvent resistant

heat resistant

food grade

quick installation

impact resistant





#### **Properties\*:**

- \_\_scratch resistant
- \_\_solvent resistant
- \_\_food grade
- \_\_heat resistant \_\_easy to clean
- \_\_hygienic

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- \_\_impact resistant (EN ISO 178)
- applications \_\_decorative
- \_\_self-supporting
- \_\_abrasion proof
- \_\_frost and heat resistant

suitable for all interior

- -80°C bis +80°C
- \*MATERIAL PROPERTIES YOU WILL FIND ON PAGE 8

- \_\_bending resistant (EN ISO 178) \_\_easy to install
- \_\_durable

\_\_resistant to chemicals



# **Max Compact Interior**

As a standard, Max Compact panels come with decors on both sides. The core is black and the surfaces are available in different structures. See our current delivery programme.

# **Max Compact Interior Plus**

Max Compact Interior Plus panels have the same qualities as the Compact Interior panels, but are manufactured with a double-hardened, pore-free surface sealed with urethane acrylate for increased surface protection. Decors - Please refer to the Decor Collection IP.



## Max Resistance<sup>2</sup>

Max Resistance panels are Compact Interior panels with an integrated chemical-resistant surface. Decor - Please refer to the Decor Collection RE.

# Max Compact with white core

Though similar in form and function, these Compact panels exhibit the fine stylish difference: The panel core remains an exquisite white. Slight colour differences to the Max Laminate panels and Max Compact panels with a black core are possible. When combining panels, please compare the samples. Decor is always the same on both sides.

# FunderMax Elements (processing)

FunderMax offers CNC controlled processing and panel cutting. With state-of-the-art devices, it is possible to produce everything: from simple cutouts for mounting the panels, to intricate milling for railing panels or furniture elements. We can make just about anything you can dream up.









FIG. 1

#### **NATURAL MATERIALS**

FunderMax Compact Interior panels are made primarily from wood that is processed into "kraft papers". The wood accumulates as a by product during logging or in sawmills. We procure these raw materials from suppliers that are certified under the FSC and PEFC standards. The standards confirm that the logging occurs in accordance with internationally valid rules for sustainable forestry.

#### **ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY** PRODUCTION

The kraft paper is impregnated with resins on impregnating lines, dried and pressed at high pressure and heat into durable moisture resistant panels. The exhaust air extracted from the drying is treated by regenerative thermal oxidation in which heat produced thereby is redirected back into the process. For installing this efficient air handling FunderMax was given the best practice the "climate:active" award by the Austrian Energy Agency and the Federal Ministry for the Environment. The production plant can thus reduce its emissions by approximately 10,000 tons of CO2 per year.

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#### LONG-LASTING AND MAINTE-**NANCE-FREE**

Extensive tests certify the exceptional durability of Compact Interior panels. The production process ensures a highly resistant surface. FunderMax Compact Interior panels do not require any maintenance to ensure a long service life. The surface of the panels is highly resistant to soiling. If necessary, they can be cleaned with standard cleaning agents. It is not necessary to seal the edges, even after cutting. The robust surface is also suitable for highly stressed applications such as ramming protection and is highly resistant to impact marks.

#### **DISPOSAL/RECYCLING**

Off-cuts are energetically recycled inhouse. Our state-of-the-art green electricity district heating power stations no harmful exhausts arise such as dioxin, hydrochloric acid or organic chlorine compounds. The residual ashes are free of heavy metals.

Basically, the specific provincial laws and regulations concerning the disposal must be observed. In Austria, the thermal recycling of waste is preferable to landfill. The ash resulting from the thermal recycling of waste can be easily disposed of in controlled industrial landfills.





In this overview you will find available sizes for FunderMax Compact Interior panels together with the different product designs.

We reserve the right to make changes in line with product development. Please note the FunderMax current delivery and stock programme.



FIG. 3

	AVAILABLE FORMATS ACCORDING TO THE PRODUCTS*)					
	тк	GR	JU	SP	OF	XL
Max Compact Interior	•	•	•	•		•
Max Compact Interior Plus		●	●	•		●
Max Resistance <sup>2</sup> (Laboratory panel)					•	
Max Compact with Individualdecor	•	•	•			
Max Compact with white core			•			•

\*) LIMITED DESIGN POSSIBILITIES AND SURFACES ACCORDING TO THE FORMAT. PLEASE CONSULT OUR CURRENT DELIVERY AND STOCK PROGRAMME.

TABLE 1

#### FUNDERMAX COMPACT INTERIOR PANELS (HPL) ACC. TO EN 438

Properties tested in acc. to EN 438-2	Unit of measurement	Standard <sup>1)</sup>	Max Compact	Max Compact F-Quality	Max Compact IP	Max Compact IP enerty enerty	Max Resistance²	Max Compact Max Compact Standard <sup>1</sup>	with white core
Type acc. to EN 438			CGS	CGF	CGS	CGF			
PHYSICAL DATA	1 2	1.05	4.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05		
Apparent density DIN 52350/ISO 1183	g/cm³	≥ 1,35	≥ 1,35	≥ 1,35	≥ 1,35	≥ 1,35	≥ 1,35	≥ 1,4	1,4
Micht			12.5	12.5	10 5	10 5	12.5		14.0
weight	kg/m-		13,5	13,5	13,5	13,5	13,5		14,0
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES									
Resistance against stress abrasion <sup>®</sup> EN 438-2, Point 10	U	≥ 350	450	450	450	450	450	≥ 350	450
Falling ball impact resistance <sup>®</sup> EN 438-2, Point 21	mm	≤ 10	8	8	8	8	8		
Resistance against scratching <sup>a</sup> EN 438-2, Point 25	Grad/ Ritzhärte	≥ 3 ≥ 4 N	3 4 N	3 4 N	3 4 N	3 4 N	3 4 N	3 4 N	3 4 N
Flexural strength EN ISO 178 2/	MPa	≥ 80	100	90	100	90	100	80	80
E-Modulus EN ISO 178 2)	MPa	≥ 9000	10000	9500	10000	9500	10000	9000	9000
Tensile strength EN ISO 527-2 2)	MPa	≥ 60	60	80	60	80	60	60	60
Susceptibility to cracking <sup>a</sup> EN 438-2, Point 24		≥ 4	≥ 4	≥ 4	≥ 4		≥ 4	≥ 3	≥ 4
THERMAL PROPERTIES									
Dimensional changes during climatic changes, measured at elevated temperatures <sup>2</sup>	length %	≤ 0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,2	≤ 0,5	≤ 0,5
EN 436-2, POINT 17	cross %	≤ 0,6	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	≤ 0,8	≤ 0,8
Resistance to boiling water EN 438-2, Point 12 <sup>2)</sup>	%	≤ 2,0	≤ 2,0	≤ 2,0	≤ 2,0	≤ 2,0	≤ 2,0		
Coefficient of thermal expansion DIN 52328	1/K		20 x 10-₀	20 x 10-6	20 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	20 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	20 x 10-6		
Thermal conductivity I	W/mK		ca. 0,3	ca. 0,3	ca. 0,3	ca. 0,3	ca. 0,3		
Resistance to vapour diffusion			17.200µ		17.200µ		17.200µ		
Surface resistance DIN 53482	Ohm		10 <sup>9</sup> -10 <sup>12</sup>	10 <sup>9</sup> -10 <sup>12</sup>					
Resistance to hot soucepans EN 438-2, Point 16	Degree	≥ 4			≥ 4			≥ 4	≥ 4
Heating value	MJ/kg		18 - 20						
OPTICAL PROPERTIES									
Light fastness no. EN 438-2, Point 27 <sup>3)</sup>	Level	≥ 4	≥ 4	≥ 4	≥ 4	≥ 4	≥ 4	≥ 4	≥ 4
									TABLE 1

	FIRE BEHAVIOR		
	COMPACT INTERIOR	COMPACT INTERIOR F-QUALITY	
Reaction to fire classification			
Europa EN 13501-1 Euroclass	D-s2, d0	B-s2, d0/B-s1, d0 4)	
Austria A3800/1	schwer brennbar Tr1, Q1	schwer brennbar Tr1, Q1	
Switzerland fire classification		5(200°)3	
Germany DIN 4102	B2 - normal entflammbar	B1 - schwer entflammbar	
		TABLE 2	

EVALUATION OF GLOSS LEVEL ACCORDING TO VFF BULLETIN ST.02, OCT 2007 PARA 2. REQUIREMENTS ARE VALID TO TABLE 3.6

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1) ACCORDING TO EN 438 2) AVERAGE VALUES OF PRODUCTION CONTROL 3) GREY SCALE ACCORDING TO DURATION OF EXPOSURE TO BLUE TEXTILE REFERENCE STRIPES 6 4) FOR 6-20 MM AT MOUNTING WITH MAX. 15 MM REAR VENTILATION ACCORDING TO CLASSIFICATION REPORT MA39-VFA2014-1629



#### MATERIAL CHARACTERISTICS AND EXPANSION CLEARANCE

Max Compact panels do not only react to temperature but primarily to moisture in relation to the climactic conditions of the respective storage or mounting area. If both of these influential factors affect one side of the panel only, it can lead to variations of flatness depending on the period of exposure. Please take note of our advice concerning ventilation, storage and stack coverage.

Max Compact shrinks when it loses moisture!

Max Compact expands when it absorbs moisture!

When working and constructing with the panels, thought must be given to this possible dimensional change. For Max Compact it is basically half as much lengthways as widthways (see properties on page 8; lengthways is relative to the nominal panel format!).

Metal substructures experience dimensional changes when exposed to variations in temperature. However, the dimensions of Max Compact also change under the influence of increasing relative air moisture. These dimensional changes of the substructures and cladding materials may work in opposing directions. Therefore, it is important to ensure sufficient room for expansion.

As a general rule for necessary expansion clearance:

Element length = a Element width = b

 $\frac{\text{a or b (in mm)}}{500} = \text{Expansion clearance}$ 

#### **TEMPERATURE RESISTANCE**

Max Compact Interior panels remain dimensionally stable up to 80°C of constant temperature load.



FIG. 1

For Max Compact panels types CGS and CGF, ONCERT as a global authorisation body confirms the compliance of quality standards in accordance with EN 438.

#### HYGIENE

Preventive hygiene is important in many areas. The surface of FunderMax Panels distinguished not by their easy cleaning, maintenance, desinfected and harmlessness in food contact applications. The validity of each of the respective test certificates should be noted. You can find the current certificates on our homepage at: 'www.fundermax.at' under 'Downloads' – 'technical approvals'.

Please take note of the valid standards, regulations and guidelines for the permitted use of materials in relation to fire performance and fall protection.



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#### TRANSPORT AND HANDLING

Handle FunderMax Compact Interior panels with care in order not to damage the edges and surfaces of the high-quality material. In spite of the excellent surface hardness and the installation protection film, the stack weight of FunderMax Compact Interior panels is a possible cause of damage. Therefore, any form of dirt or dust between the panels must definitely be avoided.

FunderMax Compact Interior panels must be secured against slippage during transport. When loading or unloading, the panels must be lifted. Do not push or pull them over the edge.

#### Transport protection films must always be removed from both sides at the same time.

Maybe there is a stronger adhesion of the foils on the surface because of the storage. Therefore there might be a higher effort to remove the foil. That does not have any effect to the quality of the product and does not result into a complaint.

The transport protection film must not be exposed to heat or direct sunshine.

#### **STORAGE AND AIR CONDITIONING**

FunderMax Compact panels must be stacked horizontally on flat, stable supports and supporting panels. The goods must lie completely flat. Cover plates must always be left on the stack. The top cover should be weighted down.

After removal of panels, PE films must again be closed over the stack.

The same applies, in principle, for cutpanel stacks.

Incorrect storage can lead to permanent deformation of the panels.

FunderMax Compact Interior panels should be stored in closed rooms under normal climatic conditions, temperature about  $15^{\circ}$ C -  $25^{\circ}$ C and relative humidity at about 50% - 65%. Climate differences on the two surfaces of a panel are to be avoided. With pre-installed fastening elements, therefore, care is to be taken that the climatic effect is uniform on all sides. Use intermediate layers of wood or plastic.





FIG. 3





FIG. 1

FIG. 5

#### **CLEANING**

Note, that contaminants (e.g. drilling and machine oil, grease, adhesive residues, sunscreens, etc.), which are put on the surface of the Max Compact panels during the storage or mounting must be immediately removed residue-free. You have to avoid contact of the panels with sunscreen in any case, because it cannot be guaranteed that it can be removed totally even it is cleaned immediately. In case of disregarding no claims concerning the colour, finish and surface will be accepted/acknowledged. You will find details of correct cleaning of Max Compact panels on pages 34-35.

# **General processing** quidelines

When working with FunderMax Compact Interior panels the ratio between the number of teeth (z), the cutting speed (vc) and the feed rate (vf) must be observed.

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# **Tooth forms**



#### TR/TR (TRAPEZOID TOOTH/TRAPEZOID TOOTH)

Preferred tooth forms for the cutting of hard abrasive laminates.

	v <sub>c</sub>	fz
	m/s	mm
Saw	40 - 60	0,02 - 0,1
Mill	30 – 50	0,3 - 0,5
Drill	0,5 - 2,0	0,1 - 0,6
		TABLE 1





FIG. 2

FIG. 1

#### FZ/TR (FLAT TOOTH/TRAPEZOID TOOTH)

Tooth form for the processing of laminates and Compact Interior.



#### WZ/FA (VARIABLE TOOTH WITH BEVEL) An alternative to FZ/TR tooth

(PENDULUM TOOTH/CONCAVE

Tooth forms for excellent and below

on machines without scoring units

#### **CALCULATION OF CUTTING SPEED**

 $v_c = D \cdot \pi \cdot n/60$ 

- v<sub>c</sub> cutting speed
- D tool diameter [m]
- tool rotational speed [min-1] n

#### **CALCULATION OF FEED SPEED**

- $v_f = f_z \cdot n \cdot z/1000$
- v<sub>f</sub> feed rate [m/min]
- $f_7$  tooth feed
- n tool rotational speed [min-1]
- number of teeth 7

#### **CUTTING MATERIAL**

Tools with hard blades (e.g. HW-Leitz) can be used.

In order to extend tool life, the use of DP-tipped tools (DP polycrystalline diamond) is recommended

#### **GENERAL ADVICE**

If chip removal is not carried out regularly, this can quickly lead to damage of the blade. As a result the required engine power is increased and the tool life will be shortened. If the shavings are too small they will then scrape and eventually blunt the tool, therefore leading to a short tool life.

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FIG. 5

#### HZ/FA

#### (CONCAVE TOOTH WITH BEVEL)

Similar use to HZ/DZ only with longer machine life without scoring units..

For single cuts, it is imperative that the vibration of the panels is prevented using used panels.

Stack height is in compliance with machine capacity.



FIG. 3

HZ/DZ

TOOTH)



### The processing of FunderMax Compact panels

#### GENERAL

The surface area of FunderMax Compact Interior panels contains high-quality melamine resins and is therefore highly resistant. The processing properties of the FunderMax Compact Interior panels are similar to those for the processing of hardwood. Hard metal cutting tools have been tested and are indispensable when working with FunderMax Compact Interior panels. If a long tool life is required, diamond-tipped (DP) tools should be used. Sharp blades and smooth functioning are both necessary elements to ensure a faultless processing of the material. Breaking-off, splintering and chipping of the decorative side is a result of incorrect handling or unsuitable tools.

Machine tables should be as flat and smooth as possible, so that no chips collect - which can damage the surface area. The same also applies for work surfaces and the controlling of hand-held machines.

#### **Safety measures**

This is simply a list of the recommended personal protective equipment. The standard required protective equipment for the given field of work should be used (work clothes, safety boots, hairnets,...).

#### **GLOVES**



Non-bevelled cut edges are sharp and pose a risk of injury. To protect against the handling of freshly cut FunderMax Compact panels, gloves of protection category II with a minimum cut resistance of 2 should be used.

EN 388	Mechanical risks	
	The higher the digit, the better the test re	sult.
	Test resistance	Digit
	Abrasion	0.4
	Blade cut	0 - 5
	Tear	0 - 4
	Puncture	0 - 4

#### **PROTECTIVE GOGGLES**

As with the manufacturing of any other wood, tightly-sealed eye protectors must be worn when working with FunderMax Compact.





#### DUST PROTECTION

As with the manufacturing of any other wood, the processing of FunderMax Compact panels can create dust. For sufficient respiratory protection, dust mask filters for e.g. should work.

#### **HEARING PROTECTION**

During the mechanical treatment of FunderMax Compact the sound level can rise to above 80dBA. Please ensure that you have adequate ear protection at all times when working with these materials.



# Cutting

#### VERTICAL PANEL SPLITTING, TABLE AND SLIDING TABLE SAWS WITHOUT SCORING UNIT

For **circular saw blades with a positive rake angle** and saw shaft under the work piece. Due to the positive rake angle, the cutting pressure takes effect using the stable table support.



For **circular saw blades with a negative rake angle** and saw shaft above the work piece. Through the negative rake angle, the cutting pressure takes effect using the stable table support.



#### Adjustment

- -Visible side upwards;
- -very narrow saw guide;

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-smooth alignment of the FunderMax Compact Interior panels on the workbench with the saw blade; -correct blade protrusion.

Depending on the blade protrusion, the entrance and exit angles and therefore the quality of the cutting edges will change. If the upper cutting edges are unclean, the saw blade will need to be adjusted to a higher level. The saw blade must be adjusted to a lower level for an unclean cut of the underside. This is how the best height adjustment is determined.

#### SLIDING TABLE SAWS AND PANEL SPLITTING MA-CHINES WITH SCORING UNIT AND PRESSURE BEAMS.

#### Scoring circular saw blade:

In order to achieve a good cutting edge quality on the saw exit side, the use of a scoring unit is recommended. The cutting width of the scoring circular saw blade is slightly bigger than that of the main circular saw blade so that the exiting teeth of the main saw no longer touch the cutting edge. As a secure and smooth circulation of the work pieces can only be guaranteed using a pressure device, divided scoring circular saw blades are used on the table and sliding table machines.

Panel splitting unit with scoring aggregate and pressure device.



Cutting width of main saw blade = cutting width rate of the scoring saw



Operating diagram of the conical scoring circular saw. For the maintenance of tools (always step-by-step), the cutting widths must be aligned with one another.

A SANDAR AND A

# Cutting with handheld tools

■ For straight cuts with handheld circular saws, a stop bar or guide rail should be used. Saw blades suitable for hard metal use should be used. The sawing takes place from the panel underside using the following tooth forms: Variable tooth for coarse cuttings, flat tooth/trapezoid tooth for clean cuts of FunderMax Compact Interior panels and panels which are bonded on both sides.

# Milling machines – edge processing

■ Edge processing by hand: For the finishing of edges, files are suitable. The file direction moves from the decorative side to the core. For broken edges, fine files, plane files, sand paper (100-150 grain) or scrapers can successfully be used.

■ Edge processing with handheld machines: to mill bevels electric hand planes with bevel or bevel grooves can be used. Hand routers are used along with hard metal tools for special tasks (e.g. wash basin recess, Trax-coupling etc.). In order to protect the FunderMax Compact Interior panel surface areas, the supporting surface of the hand routers should be covered with for e.g. panel parts, no felt! Milling shavings should be carefully removed.

Milling cutter diameter 10-25 mm Cutting speed vc 1 30-50 m/sec.

We recommend hard metal tipped milling cutters, which are also available with indexable inserts. For a better functioning of your tools, heightadjustable milling cutters are preferable. The sharp edges will be broken down afterwards.

The processing of edges with stationary machines: For milling work on the FunderMax Compact Interior panels, the optimal ratio of teeth, cutting speed and feed rate should be observed. If the shavings are too small, the machine will scrape (burn) and therefore blunt quickly, meaning it only has a short service life. On the other hand, if the shavings are too big, the edges will be wavy (strokes) with an unclean finish. High rotational speeds are not the only criterion for good quality edges! When working with the hand fed machines, only those with the marking 'MAN' or 'BG-Test' should be used. Furthermore, the given machine speed range should neither be exceeded nor fallen short of for reasons of safety. Hand fed machines should only be used when working in the opposite direction.

Milled edges can be finished in the following way: Sand the edge surface and smooth out the sharp edges with sandpaper. When processing edges, hand planes with steel residue can be used. It is also recommended that HSS blades are used. The cutting angle of the blade should be approx. 15°.

For the processing of FunderMax Compact Interior panels, milling heads with an HW indexable insert blade or diamond-tipped cutter are suitable.

# Joining

#### TO JOIN IN CLIMB OR CONVEN-TIONAL (E.G. VARIABLE MILLING)

The following machines are used: Spindle moulding machine, edge processing machines and Double-end profiler (hand fed in conventional motion only)

## INFORMATION ON MILLING EQUIPMENT:

Milling head with reversible blades, divided cuts and reciprocal shaft angle for a splinter-free joining edge. Machine creates cylindrical finish for large material thickness (approx. 0.10 mm). For completely straight cutting surface, the Diamaster joint cutter WF 499-2 is recommended.

You will find detailed information at company Leitz (Supplier advice on page 19)



LEITZ JOINT MILLING HEAD-INDEXABLE INSERT MODEL

FIG. 1

#### FOR SOUNDPROOF JOINTS ON NARROW WORK PIECE SURFACES CLIMB AND CONVENTIONAL (VARIABLE MILLING)

**The following machines are used:** Edge processing machines, copy milling machines etc.

#### INFORMATION ON MILLING EQUIPMENT:

Composite tool with mutual shaft angle for a splinter-free joining edge and straight narrow surface. Noise reduction up to 5dBA and highly efficient collection of shavings (over 95%).



TARK XAN XAX

LEITZ DIAMASTER JOINT CUTTER DP-TIPPED

FIG. 2

# Routers

For processing using router machines and machining centres, solid hard metal twist or diamond-tipped router drills are best suited. Work pieces must be well clamped and if necessary, additional mechanical tensioners can be used to support the suction cup. It is also recommended that shrink-fit ThermoGrip jaw chucks are used instead of collect chucks as they offer the highest stability and stiffness of all known tensioning systems for shaft tools.

A satisfactory processing result can only be achieved if there is sufficient stiffness in the machine. 'Light' radial machines are only of limited suitability. Ideal: Stiff portal machines.

#### FORMAT, GROOVE AND FINISH MILLING

For high requirements of cut quality -Z3 model for high feed rates.

#### The following machines are used:

Router machines with/without CNC control, machining centres, special milling machines with milling spindles for use with shaft work tools.

#### INFORMATION ON MILLING EQUIPMENT:

Marathon laminate for enhanced service life and reduced gradient for the formation of built-up edges. Usually used for roughing end mills, cutting allowances of approx. 1-2mm mirror grinding on the rake surface for processing.



LEITZ SPIBAL BOUTER MACHINE MARATHON FINISH

FIG. 3

#### **ROUTER CUTTERS FOR FORMAT-**TING, AND GROOVING WITH LEDGE **FREE CUT**

The following machines are used: Router machines with CNC control, machining centres, special milling machines with milling spindles for use with shaft work tools.

#### INFORMATION **ON MILLING EQUIPMENT:**

Negative rake angle of the blade for chip-free finish when grooving and for support of the work piece tensioning for small mill parts. Can be re-sharpened 5 to 8 times with normal blunting. Short, stable cutting blade therefore particularly suited for grooves and shaping of abrasive and hard-to-cut materials.



LEITZ ROUTER MACHINE DIAMASTER PLUS

# **Edges and Grooves**

Grooved edges on FunderMax Compact panels should always be bevelled, not sharp-edged! This spares the corners of the machine (indexable inserts) and prevents a notch effect. The service life can often decrease dramatically depending on the height adjustment, the machine type and form, the cutting requirements and support material. For high volume production, the use of diamond-tipped machines should be considered.



FIG. 1

## **Inner notches** and cut-outs

With inner notches and milling grooves, the corners are consistently rounded off. The inner radius should be kept as large as possible (minimum radius 5 mm). For inner notches and milling grooves over 250 mm sidelength, the radius must be gradually increased in line with the side-length. Inner notches can be directly formed using the milling cutter or they can be pre-drilled with a corresponding radius, before the cut from drill hole to drill hole is milled. Sharp-edged corners are weak and lead to the formation of cracks due to tension. Moreover, all edges must be ripplefree. If, sharp-edged corners are required for constructive reasons, this can only be achieved through a combination of Compact panel blanks. The suitable cutting, milling and drilling machines for the production of inner notches and milling grooves are described in the previous sections.

# Edge sanding

With standard machines, grain 100 to 120. Edges can also be grinded using sand paper or a scraper. A matte colour finish of the black panel edges can be achieved if combined with silicone-free oil.



FIG 5



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MILLING GROOVE IN THE

FUNDERMAX COMPACT PANEL

#### Machine suppliers

Leitz GmbH & Co. KG

Leitzstraße 80 A-4752 Riedau

Tel.: +43 (0)7764/8200 - 0 Fax: +43 (0)7764/8200 - 111 E-Mail: office.riedau@rie.leitz.org www.leitz.org

OERTLI-LEUCO Werkzeuge GmbH

Industriepark Runa A-6800 Feldkirch

Tel: +43 (0)5522/75787-0 Fax: +43 (0)5522/75787-3 E-Mail: info@oertli.at www.oertli.at

Ledermann GmbH & Co. KG

Willi-Ledermann-Straße 1 D-72160 Horb am Neckar

Tel.: +49 (0)7451/93 - 0 Fax: +49 (0)7451/93 – 270 E-Mail: info@leuco.com www.leuco.com

FIG. 4



# Variants of edges and corners

For Max Compact Interior panels no edge protection is necessary. For visible edges, there are a wide variety of structural possibilities.

The current data sheet on processing possibilities can be found at: 'www.fundermax.at' under 'Downloads' - 'ordering facilities'.



FIG. 9A

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# Drilling

Solid hard metal twist or dowel drills are used for drilling. In machining centres, the use of the main spindle instead of the drilling beams for a rpm of 2000 - 4000 min-1 and a feed rate of 1.5 - 3 m/min, is recommended. The exit speed of the drill must be carefully selected so that the melamine surfaces of the Compact Interior panels are not damaged. Shortly before the drill exits the work piece in full diameter, the feed rate must be reduced by 50%. When drilling through-holes, the counter-pressure should be built up using hardwood or equivalent material to prevent break-offs of the melamine surface.

#### For the screwing of blind holes perpendicular to the panel levels, please ensure:





FIG. 3

# For screw fittings parallel to the panel level, please ensure:

The residual thickness (b) of the Compact Interior panel must be at least 3 mm.

■ The hole diameter of the drillings parallel to the panel surface must be selected in such a way to avoid any splitting of the compact panels when tightening the screws.

For screw fittings parallel to the panel surface, metal sheet and chip board screws are suitable.

In order to ensure respective stability, a minimum depth of engagement of 25 mm is necessary.

It is imperative that tests to establish the correct drill diameter are carried out.



For the drilling of Compact Interior Panels, drills for plastics are best suited. This means twist drills with a point angle of  $\leq 90^{\circ}$ . They have a large gradient and chip space. The sharp drill bits mean that these drills are also very suitable for the drilling of through-holes as they cut cleanly through the underside of the material.





#### UNIVERSAL DRILLING OF BLIND AND THROUGH-HOLES.

The following machines are used: The following machines are used: Point-to-Point drilling machines, through feed drilling machines, CNC machining centres, box column drill, inlet-fitting drilling machine, drilling units, hand drills.

#### **INFORMATION ON THE DRILLS:**

Flat roof drill bits. Shaft diameter identical to blade diameter. Adaptable for shaft-D 10 mm with reducing bush TB 110-0 or PM 320-0-25.



LEITZ-DRILL HW-SOLID, Z2

Pre-punching ensures better control for hand drilling.

Diamond-tipped drills are not suitable for Compact panels.

#### **TIERED HINGE DRILLING**

Particularly for screw-in hinges in door manufacturing.

#### The following machines are used:

CNC machining centres, drilling units, hand drills.

#### **INFORMATION ON THE DRILL:**

Model HW Z 2, 2-tiered. 1tier with roof drill bit.

#### **DRILLING OF BLIND HOLES**

In particular dowel holes in cabinetry. Particularly suitable for the tear-free drilling of blind holes in visible quality as well as the processing of panel materials. Not suitable for through-holes!

#### The following machines are used:

Point-to-Point drilling machines, through feed drilling machines, inlet fitting drilling machines, drilling units, CNC machining centres.

#### **INFORMATION ON THE DRILL:**

Roughing geometry with extremely clean cut. Model HW-solid with highly wear-resistant HW varieties. High stability and long service life. Polished chip space for minimal friction and feed force.



FIG. 6

FIG. 5



LEITZ-DRILL SHAFT 10 MM

FIG. 7

# **Basics**

Screws should never come into contact with the edges of the drillhole. They must have clearance on all sides so that the material can adapt to temperature and moisture fluctuations. In this way, the formation of cracks around the holes as well as panel warping, is avoided.

If raised countersunk-head screws are used, underlay rosettes are necessary.

# **Bonded edge joints**

In order to increase the adhesive surface, special bevel sections can be milled (Leitz) or, joints with groove or external springs (ideally compact strips) can be produced.

During the adhesive process, it must be ensured that both bonded panels are joined in the same running direction (see construction information page 37). For the glueing of FunderMax Compact Interior panels, reactive adhesives such as epoxy or solvent-free PU glue are suitable (in order to find the best suitable adhesive, it is recommended that you consult the adhesive manufacturer).

Be careful when using PU-adhesives. These adhesives foam and the surface area of the compact panel must be cleaned before the adhesive hardens. Otherwise, a mechanical cleaning is necessary, and can lead to damage of the FunderMax Compact Interior surfaces.



Interior FunderMax



# Glueing

Adhesive joints should be carried out in such a way that dimensional changes of the FunderMax Compact Interior panels are allowed. The panels must only be bonded in the same running direction and conditioning, otherwise tensions may occur (tip: identify decorative design before cutting). FunderMax Compact Interior panels have twice as much shrinkage and swelling room breadthwise than lengthwise. If adhesive joints are put under frequent pressure, they should be supported using mechanical joints. Adhesive surfaces should be both sanded, dust-free and pre-treated (see processing guidelines of the adhesive manufacturer).

Depending on the given application, the following adhesive types are recommended by the manufacturer:

#### THE GLUEING OF FUNDERMAX COMPACT ONE BELOW THE OTHER

Stiff adhesive joints: reactive adhesives such as polyurethane and epoxy glue. Beware that hardened glue residue can not be removed without damaging the surface of the FunderMax Compact Interior panels. Dispersion adhesives (white glue) and condensation adhesives (PVA glues) are not suitable.

■ Elastic adhesive joints: Adhesions using PUR Kitten e.g.: Würth 'glues and seals', Sikaflex 252, Teroson-Terostat 92, Dinitrol 600, Dinitrol 605, Dinitrol F500, Dinitrol 410 UV Plus, from Fuller ICEMA 101/25 + curing agent 7etc. have been tested.

#### THE GLUEING OF FUNDERMAX COMPACT INTERIOR WITH INSULANTS

Solvent-free reactive adhesives with polyurethane or epoxy resin adhesive e.g.: ICEMA RR145/44 or ICEMA R145/12, silicon adhesive 100 from Ramsauer.

#### GLUEING OF FUNDERMAX COMPACT INTERIOR WITH WOOD

After sanding the Compact panels, they can be bonded to wood materials using high-quality PVAc glues (white glue). A condition being that the material can absorb the glue moisture during the setting process.

#### GLUEING OF FUNDERMAX COMPACT INTERIOR TO METAL

The different thermal expansion behaviour of both materials in fluctuations of temperature and air moisture, must be considered. For thin panel materials of 2 mm to 3 mm thickness, the adhesion must take place across the entire surface and also using elastically binding adhesives. The thinner the panels used the greater the risk of tearing of existing tensions. In particular, if there are recesses which have not been appropriately finished, that is, they have not been drilled with smooth edges. Furthermore, poor application of the adhesive on different places or notches on the panel corners, could be an exit point for tears. An important parameter for the functioning adhesion of FunderMax Compact Interior panels to metal supports is the adhesive joint thickness. This should be between 0.5 mm und 1 mm for the total adhesion. High-quality contact adhesives for e.g. solventfree based adhesives, which combine elastics and chemicals (not through the release of water) are suitable for hardening. It must be noted that metal components are largely not as flat as for e.g. calibrated wood materials. This makes the maximum surface contact between adhesives, Compact panels and metal supports more difficult. Adhesive errors could emerge as a result which could in turn lead to tears. Careful rolling with small hand rollers is recommended! The pressing of entire panels is only possible using entirely flat materials

#### SUMMARY

Large panel thickness means that the adhesion of metal materials poses little risk. All other conditions for an appropriate processing must be adhered to such as the conditioning of the FunderMax Compact panels to the intended climatic conditions on site and the preparation of metal surfaces in accordance with the glue manufacturer guidelines etc.

# MOUNTING ADHESIVES FOR THE SUPPORT OF MECHANICAL JOINTS

For the support of mechanical joints, cyanoacrylate adhesives (superglue), as well as hot-melt adhesives are used.

Elastic adhesive systems - Adhesive joints with PUR Kitten e.g.: Würth 'glues and seals' Sikaflex 252, Teroson-Terostat 92, Dinitrol 600, Dinitrol 605, Dinitrol F500, Dinitrol 410 UV Plus, etc. have also been tested for the installation of basins in Max Compact panels. For ventilated wall-cladding on corresponding sub-structures, elastic adhesive systems and acrylate adhesive tapes are suitable.

E.g. from 3M: VHB adhesive tape systems Acrylic foam 4950 1 mm thick or 4912F 2 mm thick.

When using double-sided adhesive tapes, it is particularly important to consider the climatic conditions at the place of intended use, as dimensional changes of the supports or Compact panels can lead to uncontrollable tensions.

The greater the surface area and thus possible length variation, the thicker the adhesive tape must be.

Panels which have a thickness of 4 mm or more, are fixed using an adhesive bead.

For the distances of these vertical tracks to each other, the following applies:

Panel thickness	4 mm	max. 100 mm
	5 mm	max. 200 mm
	6 mm	max. 300 mm

The initial tack is made using a double-sided adhesive tape which also regulates the adhesive joints to 3 mm after pressing.

In any case, sample tests should be carried out before working. Please follow the recommendations of the glue manufacturer under all circumstances.

There are adhesives on the market, which show good bonding strength and resistance against temperatures and moisture. These are therefore well suited for the adhesion of FunderMax Compact Interior panels.

#### **ADHESIVES**

Dispersion adhesives

E.g. PVAc-glues = white glues

#### Condensation resin adhesives

E.g. urea, resorcin and phenolic resin

#### Contact adhesives

E.g. Polychloroprene adhesives

#### **Reaction adhesives**

E.g. Epoxide, unsaturated polyester, Polyurethane adhesives

#### Hot-melt adhesives

For joint adhesion, EVA-based, polyamide or Polyurethane.

# FOR ADHESIVE SUITABILITY PLEASE SEE THE FOLLOWING TABLE

	Dispersion- adhesives (e.g. PVAc-glue)	Condensation resin- adhesives (e.g. urea-, resorcin-, phenolic resin adhesives)	Contact adhesives (e.g. polychloro- prene-, nitrile rubber-adhesives)	Reactive adhesives (e.g. epoxy-resin, potyurethane- adhesives)	hotmelt adhesive for edging strips (e.g. EVA, polyamide, PUR)	
Wood supports	٠	•	•	•	•	
Paper honeycomb	•	•	•	•	•	
Paper honeycomb foam or honey- comb from						
Polystyrene			●1)	●1)		
Phenol		•	•	•		
Polyurethane		•	•	•		
Aluminium				•		
Metal supports	Pitto booobton Sia	dia Angahan daa Klaharhar	tolloral			
Aluminium panels	ium panels					
Steel panels	elastic solvent-free PUR adhesives					
Mineral supports: Mineral, glass or foam: supports, Gypsum and calcium silicate panels	Please keep to information provided by the glue manufacturer!					

1) DOES NOT INCLUDE ELEMENTS THAT CORRODE POLYSTYRENE.

FunderMax

TABLE 1

#### **ADHESION PROCESS**

■ Both the FunderMax Compact Interior panels, as well as the materials bonded to them, must be thoroughly cleaned before adhesion. They must be free from dust, grease, oils and moisture or particles that could mark the surface area after adhesion. During the adhesive process, the ambient atmosphere should be 18 - 25°C and 50 - 65 % relative air moisture.

The adhesive joint quality must be selected in relation to the adhesive material quality of the support material and its intended use.

#### Use of adhesive joints in accordance with DIN 68602:

B1, B2 for normal to high air moisture conditions of adhesions in interior fit-tings.

B3, B4 for normal to extremely wet conditions both indoor and outdoor.

A high water-resistance of the adhesive joints does not increase the water-resistance of the support material!

■ The information provided by the given glue manufacturer should be consulted. It is recommended that test adhesions are carried out under similar room conditions. When working with adhesives, solvents and hardeners, safety guidelines must be followed for reasons of occupational safety.

#### PRESSING TEMPERATURE

■ Tension-free composite elements are most safely produced in pressing temperatures of 20°C, that is, room temperature. Higher temperatures mean a reduction in setting time. However, as dimensional changes are also dependent on the temperature, and as the temperature of FunderMax Compact Interior could vary from other materials, 60°C should not be exceeded in order to avoid heightened tensions which could lead to the warping of the materials.

■ If special adhesions require higher pressing temperatures, the following temperature/time combinations should not be exceeded in order to avoid deformations:

Temperature	Ti	me
60°C	5	min.
70°C	4,5	min.
80°C	4	min.
90°C	2	min.
100°C	1	min.

#### ADHESIVE APPLICATION AND PRESSING PROCESS

The adhesive application must be equally distributed across the surface area. It must be ensured that the applied quantity is the same on both sides of the support material in order to avoid distortions. This particularly applies to water-based adhesive systems. Therefore, when using these systems, the applied quantity of adhesive must be kept at an optimal level.

#### **Dispersion adhesives**

PVAc glues, two-component PVAc-glues

The adhesive application can be done either by hand using a notched trowel or hand roller, or using an adhesive application machine.

Cold pressing:

screw clamps, spindle presses, multidaylight presses.

Warm pressing:

Multi-daylight presses, short-cycles presses, double volume presses.

Always ensure: optimal and even adhesive application as well as the compliance with pressing temperatures and times.

Pressing pressure 2-4 bar.

#### **Condensation resin adhesives**

Melamine urea-based resin urea-based resorcinol resin For the elastification of the adhesive joints, the adhesive approaches require the following additions (e.g. type powder). These also lead to a cleanlined surface. Different types of curing agent allow for a wide variety of adhesion and pressing data.

FunderMax

Warning: Impurities on the

FunderMax Compact surfaces as a result of adhesive or curing agent residue, must be removed before the pressing, otherwise they can no longer be removed without damaging the surface. Separating agents prevent an adhesion of adhesive residue on FunderMax Compact surfaces and press plates. Resorcinol resin adhesives are used for the production of elements with a high flame resistance. Cold pressing: screw clamps, spindle presses, multi-daylight presses. Warm pressing: multi-platen presses, short-cycle presses, double volume presses.

Always observe: optimal and even adhesive application as well as compliance of the pressing temperatures and times. Pressing pressure 2 - 4 bar.

#### Contact adhesives (solvent-based)

When working with solvent-based contact adhesives, occupational safety and accident prevention regulations must be adhered to! Contact adhesives demand particular care when handling. Therefore, the guidelines laid out by the glue manufacturer must be followed precisely. Adhesive application by hand: with brush, notched trowel; by machine using spray systems (hot and cold) or using casting devices on FunderMax Compact panels and support materials. When applying the adhesive using the notched trowel, the direction of application on the supports and Compact panels should be at a right angle to one another.

■ It is important to ensure that there are good drying conditions (Finger test!), no draft, no dust! Contact adhesives require a short but powerful pressing pressure in order to ensure a secure adhesion.

 Pressing with hand rollers, rolling presses, multi-daylight presses.
 Contact adhesives with curing agents; these adhesives lead to a higher tolerance and temperature re-

sistance of the adhesive joints.
Information on the particular processing conditions will be provided by the glue manufacturer.







CEILING ELEMENTS

**Perforation of FunderMax Compact** panels

FunderMax Compact Interior panels can be perforated using different shapes which are mostly in the form of holes or slits.

#### Notes on the use of railings:

The thickness of the panels is directly linked to the fastening distances.

The fastening must fulfill static requirements as well as building regulations. However, the fastening distances must be reduced to at least 20% for holed panels.

Holes and slits are not supposed to be used as a climbing aid for children. Holes should not be any bigger than 50 mm in diameter.

For recesses in FunderMax Compact Interior, we recommend accordingly fall protection the use of higher panel thicknesses. For railings see pages 69 - 71.

#### **HOLE PATTERNS**

■ Never remove more than 20% of the material if intended for fall protection.

The space between the holes or slits must be at least as wide as the diameter of the holes or slits. This also applies to the edge distances.



STAIRCASE RAILING WITH HOLES

FIG. 3

# FunderMax Compact Interior panels

The focus of this recommendation is a depiction of the chemical resistance of the FunderMax Compact panels and the resulting possibilities for application.

Besides their excellent mechanical values, the melamine resin and hygienic pore-free sealed surfaces of the FunderMax Compact Interior panels mean a high temperature resistance, easy cleaning and a good resistance to chemicals. The stain resistance requirements in accordance with EN 438 are also met.

They can therefore be used when for example;

- Lab and technical chemicals
- Solvents
- Disinfectants
- Dyes (certain types)
- Cosmetics

are used on the surface ..

Particular attention must be paid to the careful processing of FunderMax Compact Interior panels, as certain requirements may be imposed due to the particular field of use when constructing certain laboratory and medical facilities. For this kind of application we recommend the use of Max Resistance (lab panels).

FunderMax Compact Interior panels are resistant against many different chemicals. However, several chemicals may still corrode the surface.

Therefore, of crucial importance are:

- The concentration
- Exposure time
- The temperature of substances used

The following lists, although there is no guarantee that they are complete, give an overview of the resistance of FunderMax Compact Interior panels (at room temperature) against the effects of frequently occurring or used substances (solid, dissolved, fluid, gaseous). When using substances that are not listed, we ask that you enquire further and recommend own sample tests.

#### **NO DAMAGE**

FunderMax Compact Interior panels are resistant against the following substances and agents.

Substance	chemical formula
Acetic Acid	CH₃COOH
Acetone	CH₃COCH₃
Active charcoal	Poll
Alconol Alcohol boyerages	ROH
Alcohol, beverages	PCH2OH
Aconol, primary	
tertiary	BB'B''COH
Aldehvde	RCHO
Alum liquor	KAI(SO4)2.12H2O
Aluminium chloride	AICI3.aq.
Aluminium sulphate	Al <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
Aluminium potassium sulphate	KAI(SO4)2
Amides	5001
Amines, primary	
secondary	
Ammonia	
Ammonium chloride	NH₄OH
Ammonium sulphate	NH4CI
Ammonium sulphate	(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Amyl acetate	NH₄ŚCN
Amyl alcohol	
Aniline	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>11</sub> OH
Animal fat	C6H5NH2
Animal fodder	
Arabinose	0.11.0
Ascorbic acid	
Asparagine	
n-Aminoacetonhenon	
Baker's veast	
Barium chloride	
Barium sulphate	BaCl₂
Benzaldehyde	BaSO <sub>4</sub>
Benzene	C₀H₅CHO
Benzidine	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>
Benzoic acid	NH2C6H4.C6H4NH2
Biogel	C₀H₅COOH
Blood Boria apid	
Butylacetate	H <sub>2</sub> BO <sub>2</sub>
Butyl alcohol	CH <sub>2</sub> COOC <sub>4</sub> H <sub>2</sub>
Cadmium acetate	C4H9OH
Cadmium sulphate	Cd(CH <sub>3</sub> COO) <sub>2</sub>
Caffeine	CdSO <sub>4</sub>
Calcium carbonate (lime)	
Calcium chloride	CaCO <sub>3</sub>
Calcium hydroxide	CaCl <sub>2</sub>
Calcium nitrate	Ca(OH) <sup>2</sup>
Cane sugar	
Carbolic acid xulono	
Carbon tetrachloride	$C_{e}H_{e}OH_{-}C_{e}H_{4}(CH_{2})_{2}$
Casein	CCl4
Castor oil	
Cedarwood oil (concentrated)	
Cement	
Chloral hydrate	
Chlorobenzene	CCI <sub>3</sub> CH(OH) <sub>2</sub>
Chloroform	C₀H₅CI
Cholesterol	CHCI3
Citric acid	G27H45OH
Coal	
Oda	

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These elements do not have an impact on the surface area of FunderMax Compact Interior panels, even after prolonged exposure (16 hours).

Cubatanaa	
Substance	chemical formula
Cocaine	$C_{17}H_{21}O_4N$
Coffee	01/11/21/0411
Common salt	NaCl
Copper sulphate	CuSO4 ag
Cosmetics	cucchaq
Cresol	CH <sub>3</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OH
Cresvlic acid	CH <sub>3</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> COOH
Cyclohexane	C6H12
Cyclohexanol	C6H11OH
Detergents	
Dextrose	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>6</sub>
Digitonin	C56H92O29
Dimethyl formamide	HCON(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
Dimetyhl acetic acid	CH <sub>3</sub> COOH
Dioxan	$C_4H_8O_2$
Dulcitol	C6H14O6
Ester	RCOOR'
Ethanol	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH
Ether	ROR'
Ethyl acetate	CH <sub>3</sub> COOC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
Ethylene dichloride	CH2:CCI
Fodder	
Foodstuffs	
Formaldehyde	НСОН
Formic acid up to 10%	НСООН
Fructose	C6H12O6
Galactose	C6H12O6
Gelatine	
Glacial acetic acid	CH <sub>3</sub> COOH
Glucose	G6H12O6
Glycerine	CH2OH.CHOH.CH2OH
Glycocoll	
Glycol	
Graphite	C
Greases	0-20 110
Gypsum	CaSO4.2H2O
Heptanol	
Hexane	
Hexanol	
Hyperbyein	
mypophysin Imida "Baaba"	
Intersion on	
Inorganic salts and their mixtures	
Inositol	
Insecticides	
Isoamyl acetate	CH2COOC+H1
Isopropanol	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> OH
Ketone	BC'OB'
Lactic acid	CH <sub>3</sub> CHOHCOOH
Lactose	C12H22O11
Lead acetate	Pb(CH <sub>3</sub> COO) <sub>2</sub>
Lead nitrate	
Laevoluse	
Lipstick	
Lithium carbonate	

TABLE 1

Interior FunderMax

### NO DAMAGE

FunderMax Compact Interior panels are resistant against the following substances and agents.

These substances do not have an impact on the surface area of FunderMax Compact Interior panels, even after prolonged exposure (16 hours).

SUBSTANCE	CHEMICAL FORMULA	SUBSTANCE	CHEMICAL FORMULA
Magnesium carbonate	MgCO <sub>3</sub>	Sodium acetate	CH <sub>3</sub> COONa
Magnesium chloride	MgCl <sub>2</sub>	Sodium carbonate	Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>
Magnesium sulphate	MgSO <sub>4</sub>	Sodium chloride	NACI
Maltose	C12H22O11	Sodium citrate	Na3C6H5O7.5H2O
Manitol	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O <sub>6</sub>	Sodium diethylene barbiturate	NaC <sub>8</sub> H <sub>11</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
Mannose	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>6</sub>	Sodium hydrogen sulphite	NaHSO₃
Mercury	Hg	Sodium hydrogencarbonate	NaHCO <sub>3</sub>
Mesoinositol	C6H6(OH)6	(Sodium carbonate)	
Methanol	CH₃OH	Sodium hydroxide solution	NaOH
Milk		(up to approx. 10%)	
Mineral oils		Sodium hyposulphite	Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
Mineral salts		Sodium nitrate	NaNO₃
Nail varnish		Sodium phosphate	Na <sup>3</sup> PO <sup>4</sup>
Nail varnish remover		Sodium silicate	Na <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>3</sub>
α-Naphtol	C10H7O7	Sodium sulphate	Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
α-Naphtylamine		Sodium sulphide	Na₂S
Nickel sulphate	NiSO4	Sodium sulphite	Na₂SO₃
Nicotine	$C_{10}H_{14}N_2$	Sodium tartrate	$Na_2C_4H_4O_6$
p-Nitrophenol	C6H4NO2OH	Soil	
Nonne-Appelt-reagent		Soot	
Octanol	C8H17OH	Sorbitol	C6H14O6
n-Octyl alcohol	C8H17OH	Standard acetate solution	
Olive oil		Standard I + II -Nutrient agar	
Oleic acid	CH3(CH2)7CH:CH(CH2)7COOH	Standard I + II -Nutrient broth	
Organic solvents		Starch	
Ointments		Starch -common salt solution	
Pandy's reagent		Stearic acid	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>35</sub> COOH
Paraffin waxes	CnH2n+2	Styrene	C <sub>6</sub> H₅.CH:CH <sub>2</sub>
Paraffinic oil		Sugar and sugar derivates	
Pentanol	C5H11OH	Sulphur	S
Peptone		Talcum powder	3MgO,4SiO <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> O
Petroleum benzin		Tannic acid	C76H52O46
Phenol and phenol derivatives	C₅H₅OH	Tartaric acid	$C_4H_8O_6$
Phenolphtalein	C20H14O4	Теа	
Polishing agents (creams/waxes)		Test serum for blood grouping	
Potash lye up to approx. 10%.	КОН	Tetrahydrofuran	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O
Potassium bromate	KBrO₃	Tetraline	C10H12
Potassium bromide	KBr	Thiourea	NH2CSNH2
Potassium carbonate	K <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	Toepfer's reagent	
Potassium chloride	LCI	Toulene	C6H5CH3
Potassium hexacyanoferrate	K4Fe(CN)6	Trehalose	C12H22O11
Potassium iodate	KJO₃	Tricholoro ethylene	CHCI:CCI <sub>2</sub>
Potassium nitrate	KNO₃	Trypsin	
Potassium sodium tartrate	KNaC4H4O6	Trytophane	$C_{11}H_{12}O_2N_2$
Potassium sulphate	K <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	Turpentine	
Potassium tartrate	$K_2C_4H_4O_6$	Tymol	C10H14O
Potato starch		Tymol buffer solution	
Propanol	C3H7OH	Urea solution	
1.2-Propylene alvcol	CH <sub>3</sub> CHOHCH <sub>2</sub> OH	Urease	\ /
Pyridine	C₅H₅N	Uric acid	C5H4N4O3
Qinol	HOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OH	Urine	-
Raffinose	C18H32O15.5H2O	Vanillin	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
Rhamnose	C6H12O5.H2O	Vaseline	-
Rochelle salt		Water	H <sub>2</sub> O
Saccarose	= Cane sugar	Water colours	
Salicylaldehyde	C6H4OH.CHO	Xvlene	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
Salicylic acid	C6H4OHCOOH	Yeasts	
Saponon		Zinc chloride	ZnCl
Seawater		Zinc sulphate	ZnSO <sub>4</sub>

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TABLE 1

Interior

FunderMax

#### NO DAMAGE UNDER SHORT EXPOSURE

Surfaces from FunderMax Compact Interior panels remain unchanged when the following substances are spilt on them (particularly in liquid or dissolved form) or if they are in contact for a short amount of time.

That means the panels are washed with a wet towel within 10-15 minutes and then rubbed dry. Please note that the time of exposure is an important factor in the extent of corrosion on the HPL surfaces, even with diluted agents. As a result of the evaporation of the diluted material, the concentration of the substance increases over a period of time and the surfaces of FunderMax Compact Interior panels will be corroded, even though the concentration used will mostly be below those named in the following list. Focused sample tests are recommended.

SUBSTANCE	CHEMICAL FORMULA
Amino-S acid up to 10%	NH2SO3H
Aniline dyes	
Antiliming agents	
Arsenic acid up to 10%	H <sub>3</sub> AsO <sub>4</sub>
Boric acid	H3BO3
Crystal violet (Gentian violet)	C24H28N3CI
Esbach's reagent	
Formic acid over 10%	НСООН
Fuchsine solution	C19H19N3O
Hair dyes and bleaches	
Hydrochloric acid up to 10%	HCI
Hydrogen peroxide over 3-30%	H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
(Perhydrol)	
Inorganic acids up to 10%	
lodine solution	1
Iron (II) chloride solution	FeCl₂
Iron (III) chloride	FeCl₃
Mercury (II) chromate	HgCr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>
Methylene blue	C16H18N3CIS
Millon's reagent	OHg2NH2CI
Nitric acid up to 10%	HNO₃
Nylander's reagent	
Oxalic acid	COOH.COOH
Phosphoric acid up to 10%	HPO <sub>4</sub>
Picric acid	C6H2OH(NO2)3
Potash lye over 10%	КОН
Potassium hydrogensulphate	KHSO4
Potassium chromate	K <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub>
Potassium dichromate	K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>
Potassium iodide	KJ
Potassium permanganate	KMnO <sub>4</sub>
Silver nitrate	AgNO <sub>3</sub>
Sodium hydrogen-sulphate	NaHSO <sub>4</sub>
Sodium hydroxide sol. over 10%	NaOH
Sodium hypochloride	NaOCI
Sodium thiosulphate	Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
Sublimate solution	HgCl₂
(= mercury (II) chloride)	
Sulphuric acid up to 10%	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Sulphurous acid up to 10%	H2SO3
Varnishes and adhesives,	
(chemically curing)	

#### **HIGH DAMAGE RISK**

The following chemicals destroy the FunderMax Compact Interior panel surfaces and must be removed immediately, as they could also leave behind dull spots and coarseness.:

SUBSTANCE	CHEMICAL FORMULA
In concentrations greater than 10%:	NH2SO2H
Amino sulpho acid	
Inorganic acids such as	
Arsenic acid	H3AsO4
Aqua regia	HNO₃ + HCI = 1:3
Chromosulphuric acid	$K_2Cr_2O_7 + H_2SO_4$
Hydrochloric acid	HCI
Hydrofluoric acid	HF
Hydrogen bromide	HBr
Nitric acid	HNO₃
Phosphoric acid	H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>
Sulphuric acid	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>

TABLE 3

#### AGGRESSIVE GASES

Frequent exposure to the following aggressive gases and vapours can lead to changes in the FunderMax Compact Interior panel surfaces:

SUBSTANCE	CHEMICAL FORMULA
Acid vapours	
Bromine	Br <sub>2</sub>
Chlorine	Cl <sub>2</sub>
Nitrose fumes	NxOy
Sulphur dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>

TABLE 4

## **Max Compact Interior Plus**

#### **STERILISABILITY**

Thanks to their excellent surface area, Max Compact Interior Plus panels are easy to clean and just as easy to sterilise as for e.g. stainless steel or OP tiles.

## Max Resistance (Lab panels)

With Max Resistance you get tested resistance. Authenticated and award-winning from ofi, the Austrian research Institute for Chemistry and Technology.

#### 24-H-CHEMICAL RESISTANCE TEST

DECOR-IND	DEPENDENT			
Substance	Concentration			
All common household solvents				
Nitric acid	10 %			
Phosphoric acid	10 %			
Acetic acid	10 %			
Sodium hypochlorite	13 %			
Caustic soda	25 %			
Ammonia	25 %			

The chemical resistance tests were performed in a SEFA certified laboratory according to the Test Method: SEFA 3-2010 Sec 2.1. (24hr EXPOSURE) Detailed information and results are available in the official test reports.

#### RESULTS

**TEST PROCEDURE** 

FunderMax Resistance<sup>2</sup> passed the SEFA 24h Exposure Test and is therefore suitable and recommended for laboratory worktops. FunderMax Resistance<sup>2</sup> exceeds the SEFA test criteria by far without one single Level 3 rating.

TABLE 1

#### RATING

#### 0 – No Effect

No detectable change in the material surface.

#### 1 – Excellent

Slight detectable change in color or gloss but no change in func-tion or life of the surface.

#### 2 – Good

A clearly discernible change in color or gloss but no significant im-pairment of surface life or function.

#### 3 – Fair

Objectionable change in appearance due to discoloration or etch, pos-sibly resulting in deterioration of function over an extended period of time.

#### **ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA**

To be approved as laboratory grade surfaces, tested materials should receive no more than 4 Level 3 ratings.

Interior

FunderMax

F	Rating 0	1	2	3
Substance	No effect	excellent	good	Fair

ACIDS				
Acetic Acid 99%	•			
Dichromate Acid 5% <sup>2)</sup>	•			
Chromic Acid 60%	•			
Formic Acid 90% 2)	•			
Hydrochloric Acid 37%	•			
HydroAuoric Acid 48%		•		
Nitric Acid 20%	•			
Nitric Acid 30%	•			
Nitric Acid 70%	•			
Phosphoric Acid 85%	•			
Sulphuric Acid 33%	•			
Sulphuric Acid 77%	•			
Sulphuric Acid 96%		•		
Sulphuric Acid 77 % Nitric Acid 70% (1:1)			٠	

-		~	-	-
в	А	S	E	S
_		_	_	_

Ammonium Hydroxide 28%	•
Sodium Hydroxide 10%	•
Sodium Hydroxide 20%	•
Sodium Hydroxide 40%	•
Sodium Hydroxide Flake	•

#### SALTS AND HALOGENS

Saturated Zinc Chloride	•		
Saturated Silver Nitrate	•		
Tincture of Iodine <sup>1)</sup>		•	
			TABLE 2

 $\geq$ 



TEST RESULTS MAY DIFFER BY COLOUR <sup>1)</sup> RESULT ON 0082 <sup>2)</sup> RESULT ON 0085

	Rating	0	1		3
Substance		No effect	excellent	good	Fair
ORGANIC CHEMICALS					
Cresol		•			
Dimethylformanide		•			
Formaldehyde 37%		•			
Furfural <sup>1)</sup>			•		
Gasoline		•			
Hydrogen Peroxide 30% <sup>2)</sup>		•			
Hydrogen Peroxide 3%		•			
Phenol 90%			•		
Sodium Sulfide Saturated		•			
SOLVENTS					
Acetone <sup>2)</sup>		•			
Amyl Acetate		•			
Benzene		•			
Butyl Alcohol		•			
Carbon Tetrachloride		•			
Chloroform <sup>2)</sup>		•			
Dichlor Acetic Acid <sup>2)</sup>			•		
Dioxane		•			
Diethyl Ether		•			
Ethyl Acetate <sup>1)</sup>		•			
Ethyl Alcohol		•			
Methylalcohol		•			
Methylene Chloride		•			
Methyl Ethyl Ketone		•			
Mono Chlorobenzene		•			
Napthelene		•			
Toluene		•			
Trichloroethyle		•			
Xylene <sup>1)</sup>		•			

TABLE 3

# Cleaning instruction Compact and High Pressure Laminates

TYPE OF STAIN	CLEANING PROCEDURE
adhesives	С
bacteriological stains	D
blood	D
chalk	А
coal tar (cigarettes)	С
coffee	А
colored ballpoint pens	С
dispersions (PVAc)	С
dust	A
emulsions paints	С
excrement	D
fingerprints	А
fitting foam	E
floor polish	В
fruit juice	A
germs	D
grease fats	А
grease, oil	A, B, C
hybrid-glue	E
limescale	G
lipstick	С
marker	С
marking pen	С
mordant	С
paints	С
pencil	А
polyurethane foam	E
rust	G
sealants (like silicone)	F
shoe polish	C
soap residue	A
spray paint	C
stamping ink	C
synthetic resins	E
tea	A
two-component adhesive	E
two-component lacquer	E
urea-glue	E
urine	D
water marks	G
water-soluble adhesives	Α
water-soluble dyes	A
wax crayon	C
wax polish	С
wax residue	С

FRAX X NAX XAA

VHF

34

Interior FunderMax

X





Please start the cleaning procedure for unknown stains with basic cleaning, cleaning procedure A to G in order to perform the desired success. To prevent streaking you have to perform a final cleaning.

#### **BASIC CLEANING**

Clean the surface just with pure hot water and use a soft sponge – (DO NOT use the abrasive "green" side of the sponge), use a soft cloth or a soft brush (e.g. nylon brush).

#### **CLEANING PROCEDURE A**

Same as basic cleaning, in addition use common household cleaners without abrasives e.g. dish detergent (Palmolive,Fairy), window cleaner (Ajax,Frosch).

#### **CLEANING PROCEDURE B**

Same as basic cleaning, but you may additionally use organic solvents (acetone, alcohol, turpentine, thinner). For persistent dirt pollution try to clean mechanically.

**Caution:** avoid scratching, use plastic or wooden spatula.

#### **CLEANING PROCEDURE C**

If the contamination is not removable, you can use a solution of soft soap water (1:3). Depending on the degree of pollution leave it on the surface for a couple of minutes. Subsequently do the final cleaning..

#### **CLEANING PROCEDURE D**

Same as basic cleaning, but you may additionally use commercially available disinfectants. Steam cleaning is possible. Take care of the suppporting material (e.g. wood beams, wall paneling, insulation, ...), to avoid wetting.

#### **CLEANING PROCEDURE E**

Remove immediately! If necessary, perform cleaning procedure C and final cleaning procedure.

#### **CLEANING PROCEDURE F**

Rub off the surface with a soft cloth or a soft sponge dry. If contaminants cannot be removed, use silicone remover (e.g. Molto).

#### **CLEANING PROCEDURE G**

Following the initial cleaning, liquid cleaners can be used with polishing chalk (Cif, ATA). Do this procedure only occasionally!

For persistant limescale acidic cleaning agents may be used (for example, 10% acetic acid or citric acid). Subsequently do the final cleaning.

#### **FINAL CLEANING**

Detergents have to removed with water completely to avoid streaking. Finally clean with hot water and rub off the surface with an absorbent cloth or paper towel (Kitchen roll).

#### When cleaning with solvent:

observe the accident prevention regulations! Open windows! No open flame! FunderMax Compact Interior offers a wide variety of design possibilities for both fixed and removable wall, column and ceiling cladding. They have been used in hospitals, swimming pools, train stations, barracks, schools and other buildings.

On the following pages we will show you a range of wall cladding mounting and application possibilities for FunderMax Compact Interior panels.



Interior §

FunderMax




# Ventilated wall cladding

Max Compact Interior with black core is the product of choice for classic ventilated wall cladding. The ventilation guarantees a control of temperature and moisture, particularly for existing building moisture in the walls or climatic variations in adjacent rooms.

An unequal climate in front of and behind the materials can lead to warping of the panels. Therefore, the panels have a substructure meaning that a circulation of air (ventilation minimum 20 mm) between the panels and the wall is guaranteed, from top to bottom. Joints between the panels can, if desired, be closed. The expansion room of the panels must not be prevented. It must be ensured that the air supply from below and the extracted air above the panels are free and that the resulting moisture variations will be balanced out by the circulation of air.

Max Compact panels are also available in F-Quality.

# **Construction information**

A fixing of wall cladding directly to the wall is not appropriate with the given materials. A substructure should always be provided.

■ In general, during the construction and fixing process it must be ensured, that the material is not exposed to stagnated water. The panel material must consistently be able to dry.

■ Due to the material characteristics, during the bonding of Max Compact panels to one another - edge adhesions or bevels - it must be ensured that all connecting components have been manufactured in the same running direction. That means that they can be joined length to length and breadth to breath. Therefore, the machine direction must always be indicated on the remaining panels.

■ For extremely wet conditions, e.g. shower cubicles or similar, the mechanical edge adhesion is indispensable, particularly when used with an elastic and water-resistant binding adhesive system.

VX NV BXX BX AN T N

The substructure must be protected against corrosion and rotting.

Joints or components relating to the panels must be structured in such a way that installations are easily accessible.

All corners within reach must be bevelled to form v-joints.

On drywalls, the screw connections of the substructure must be included within the metal substructure.

# WALL CLADDING



FIG. 1

Fixing possibilities for wall cladding using FunderMax Compact.

There are different fastening possibilities for wall cladding using FunderMax Compact Interior panels.

FunderMax Compact Interior panels can be screwed into a wooden substructure or riveted onto an aluminium substructure. FunderMax Compact Interior panels can also be glued onto a substructure consisting of wood, aluminium or HPL strips. Furthermore it is possible to fix Compact panels with suspension rails from wood or aluminium.

# Invisible mechanical fastening

If a visible fastening device is not desired, FunderMax Compact Interior panels can also be attached to the wall using different suspension rails. The sections that are attached to the FunderMax Compact Interior panels, can be fixed using blind fasteners, screws or spreads for example. Ideally screws or sleeves are used with metal threads. In both cases, the hole in the compact panel is for drilling a smaller thread.

It is important that the horizontal suspension rails are suspended in such a way that a vertical ventilation is possible.

FARACE MALIN IN 1828

Please contact our technical support. We reserve the right to make changes that effect the technical progress.

Interior

FunderMax



# Visible mechanical fastening

For the use of screws or rivets as fastening devices, the following points must be followed: The centre of the borehole in the substructure must correspond with the centre of the borehole in the FunderMax Compact panels. The mounting devices should be attached from the middle of the panel outwards. A slide point and a maximum of 1 fixed point must be used. Sufficient expansion room must be ensured. In general the joints on the panels should be 2 mm/metre.

### **SLIDING POINTS**

Depending on the necessary expansion clearance, the drilling diameter for sliding points in the FunderMax Compact panels is bigger than the diameter of the mounting material: The shaft diameter of the fixing device plus at least 2 mm per meter of cladding material from the fixed-point outwards. The head of the fixing device must be big enough to allow the borehole to remain invisible in the FunderMax Compact panels. The fixing device must be arranged in such a way that the panels can move. Rivets are attached with rivet gauges. The defined distance allows a movement of the parts in the borehole (clearance 0.3 mm). Screws should not be fastened too tightly. Do not use counter-head sunk screws, use washers if necessary.

# FIXED POINT

The fixed point allows for the equal distribution (halving) of swelling and shrinking movements. The drill diameter in the FunderMax Compact panels is just as big as the diameter of the mounting device.

Per panel, a fixed point is drilled as close to the middle as possible. All other fastening holes are drilled as slide points.

## **EDGE SPACINGS**

The edge spacings must be maintained for reasons of stability and flatness. In order to allow for dimensional changes, the panel joints must have joints of at least 2 mm per metre of panel.

The stability of cladding is determined by the substructure and the thickness of the cladding material.



MAXIMUM FASTENING DISTANCES					
Panel thickness	AS	AW			
6 mm	600 mm	470 mm			
8 mm	770 mm	620 mm			
10 mm	920 mm	770 mm			

TABLE 1



#### Suppliers of fasteners: see page 47



# **Glued fastening**

An alternative to invisible, mechanical mounting is the adhesion of FunderMax Compact panels with specially developed adhesive systems.

As a substructure for adhesive wall claddings, vertically arranged strips made from wood, aluminium or Max Compact are suitable.

For dry walls, a screw connection of the substructure strips to the metal substructure is necessary.

## **EDGE SPACINGS**

The edge distances must be maintained for reasons of stability and flatness. In order to allow for dimensional changes, the panel joints must have joints of at least 2 mm per metre of panel.



FRONTAL VIEW OF THE SUBSTRUCTURE WITH BONDED MAX COMPACT PANELS

FIG. 2

MAXIMUM_FASTENING DISTANCE				
Panel thickness	Vertical	AW		
6 mm	< 530 mm	470 mm		
8 mm	< 530 mm	620 mm		
10 mm	< 530 mm	770 mm		

TABLE 1

# Suppliers of fasteners: see page 47



# PRETREATMENT OF ALUMINIUM SUBSTRUCTRUES

- Sanding with abrasive fleece
- Pretreatment with cleaner
- Note airing time
- Apply primer thinly using a brush
- Observe (min./max.) drying time!

# PRETREATMENT OF WOOD SUBSTRUCTURES

Planed wood with untreated surfaces without wood preservative.

- Apply primer thinly with a brush
- Observe (min./max.) drying time!

# PRETREATMENT OF FUNDERMAX COMPACT PANELS

- Sanding with abrasive fleece
- Pretreatment with cleaner
- (chemical tissue)

  Observe drying time
- Apply primer thinly using a brush
- Observe (min./max.) drying times!

All adhesive surfaces must clean, dry and grease-free

### GLUEING

 3 mm mounting band laid out along the entire length of the vertical profiles (do not yet remove the protective film).
 Adhesive is applied as a triangle

track (width 8 mm, height 10 mm) at 5 mm intervals from the profile edge and the mounting band.

Panel mounting: remove the protective film from the mounting band. Panels are exactly aligned (mounting angle) press down until there is contact with the mounting band.

# BASICS

Weather and dust protection is a necessary working condition (adhesive work must be carried out onsite).

Air temperature must not be below 5° C, and must not exceed 35°C.

■ Relative air moisture no greater than 75%.

Temperature of the adhesive elements must be at least 3°C higher than the dew-point temperature of the air.

■ Joints of the substructure profiles must not be bonded in an overlaid structure on the compact panels.

The substructures must always be ordered vertically.

The glue manufacturer regulations must be adhered to at all times.

**Advice:** Do not clean the decorative side (visible side) with the glue manufacturer 'cleaner'!



VARIANT WITH REAR VENTILATION AND MAX COMPACT INTERIOR PANELS FIG. 3

Interior



Ventilated glued wall protection – flush to the wall

FunderMax Compact Interior Panels – flush to the wall, an adhesion of mounting aligned strips of Compact panels.



VERTICAL SECTION

Interior

FunderMax





# Ventilated glued wall cladding

An secret, mechanical fastening of the FunderMax Compact Interior panels is possible with the adhesive system.

Specialised working instructions and training from the glue manufacturers is necessary.





VERTICAL SECTION - GLUEING WITH END PROFILE

FIG. 5



Ventilated wall cladding and wall protection with grooved strips.

Horizontal, slotted laths mounted flush to the wall. The alternative possibility is a complete frame. The panels are hung using hinge blocks on the notches of the horizontal laths or the frame. The deep hinge, compared with the groove frame, gives a ventilation space of ≥5 mm. Joints are attached using strips behind the FunderMax Compact Interior panels.





HORIZONTAL CUT OF THE VENTILATED WALL PROTECTION WITH GROOVED STRIPS

A SANDER DATA

Interior

FunderMax





TARK XANA KAX

Ventilated wall cladding and wall protection with Lohr wall protection profiles

Fastening strips are to be suspended or fastened in a sliding motion, in order to avoid a warping of the materials through variations of tension.

Max Compact panels (thickness ≥10 mm) are hung using aluminium suspended shackles in the flush mounted aluminium support frame base and slope profile. The advantages include the low depth of construction and the simple removal.

This profile system is run by the company Helmut Lohr. You can find the address for this company on page 47. HORIZONTAL CUT OF THE VENTILATED WALL CLADDING WITH LOHR WALL PROTECTION PROFILE









A SKANA KANA KANA

Non-ventilated wall cladding with Max Compact

Non-ventilated wall cladding is used for clean rooms and rooms with an important requirement of clean conditions. As the joints are clad, these panels can stand up to aggressive cleaning products and steam cleaners. Typical uses include wall cladding in operating theaters.

# NOTE:

A substructure must be provided, even in non-ventilated wall cladding!

Please clarify projects from not ventilated wall cladding with our salesteam or technical support.

Email: support@fundermax.biz or +43 (0) 5 9494-4646

Interior

FunderMax



# Suppliers/accessories for wall cladding

# FASTENINGS (MECHANICAL):

#### Austria

EJOT AUSTRIA GmbH Grazer Vorstadt 146 A-8570 Voitsberg Tel.: +43 3142 / 276 00-0 Fax: +43 3142 / 276 00-30 info@ejot.at, www.ejot.at

SFS Intec GmbH Wienerstraße 29 A-2100 Korneuburg Tel.: +43 (0)2262 / 90500 102 Fax: +43 (0)2262 / 90500 930 www.sfsintec.biz

#### Germany

MBE GmbH Siemensstraße 1 D-58706 Menden Tel.: +49 (0)2373 17430 – 0 Fax: +49 (0)2373 17430 – 11 www.mbe-gmbh.de

#### Fischerwerke

Arthur Fischer GmbH&CoKG Weinhalde 14-18 D-72178 Waldachtal/Tuurlingen Tel.: +49 (0)7443 / 120 Fax: +49 (0)7743 / 1242 22 www.fischer.de

#### Netherlands

Ipex Europe B. V. Vonderweg 14 NL-7468 DC ENTER Tel.: +31 547 384 635 Fax: +31 547 384 637 www.ipex-group.com

#### Switzerland

SFS intec AG (Headquarters) Rosenbergsaustrasse 10 CH-9435 Heerbrugg Tel.: +41 71 / 727 62 62 Fax: +41 71 / 727 53 07 gmi.heerbrugg@sfsintec.biz www.sfsintec.biz

# FASTENINGS (GLUEING):

#### Austria

Fassadenklebetechnik Klug GmbH Zentrale Julius-Tandler-Platz 6/15 A-1090 Wien Tel.: +43 (0)676 / 727 1724 r.klug@fassadenklebetechnik.at office@fassadenklebetechnik.at

INNOTEC Industries VertriebsgmbH Boden 35 A-6322 Kirchbichl Tel.: +43 (0)5332 / 71138 Fax: +43 (0)5332 / 72891 www.innotec.at

PROPART Handels GmbH Lauchenholz 28 A-9123 St. Primus Tel.: +43 (0) 4239 40 300 Fax: +43 (0) 4239 40 300-20 www.fassaden-kleben.at

### Germany

Walter Hallschmid GmbH&Co.KG Wiesentraße 1 D-94424 Arnsdorf Tel.: +49 (0)8723 / 96 121 Fax: +49 (0)8723 / 96 127 www.dichten-und- kleben.de

MBE GmbH Siemensstraße 1 D-58706 Menden Tel.: +49 (0)2373 / 17430 – 0 Fax: +49 (0)2373 / 17430 – 11 www.mbe-gmbh.de

#### Switzerland

SIKA Chemie GmbH Tüffenwies 16-22 CH-8048 Zürich Tel.: +41 (0)1 / 436 40 40 Fax: +41 (0)1 / 270 52 39 www.sika.ch

#### Further adhesive suppliers

To aid your understanding, glue manufacturer products have been used in this chapter. The adhesive systems of other manufacturers may also be used. This list is by no means a complete version. For the list of glue and adhesive suppliers as well as adhesives, there are no technical regulations in Germany. Before mounting, technical approval and processing regulations must be obtained from the manufacturer!

SIKA Österreich GmbH Lohnergasse 3 A-1210 Wien Tel.: +43 (0)1 / 278 86 11 Fax: +43 (0)1 / 270 52 39 www.sika.at

DKS Technik GmbH Gnadenwald 90A A-6069 Gnadenwald Tel.: +43 (0)5223 / 48 488-12 Fax: +43 (0)5223 / 48 488-50 www.dks.at

SOUDAL N.V. Olof-Palme-Str. 13 D-51371 Leverkusen Tel.: +49 (0)214 / 6904-0 Fax: +49 (0)217 / 6904-23 www.soudal.com

### **PROFILES/ACCESSORIES:**

## Austria

Protektor Bauprofile GmbH Hosnedlgasse 12 A-1220 Wien Tel.: +43 (0)1 / 259 45 00-0 Fax: +43 (0)1 / 259 45 00-19 www.protektor.com

Fa. Helmut Lohr Elisabethstraße 36 A-2380 Perchtoldsdorf Tel.: +43 (0)669 / 11506880 Fax: +43 (0)1 / 867 48 29 E-Mail: info@lohrshop.com

#### Germany

Protektorwerk Florenz Maisch GmbH & Co.KG Viktoriastraße 58 D-72571 Gaggenau Tel.: +49 (0)7225 / 977-0 Fax: +49 (0)7225 / 977-111 info@protektor.com www.protektor.com

#### France

PROTEKTOR S.A. BATI-PROFIL Rue Pasteur Prolongée F-94400 Vitry sur Seine Tel.: +33 (0)1 / 55 53 17 50 Fax: +33 (0)1 / 55 53 17 40

#### **CORRECTORS (PAINTS)**

#### Austria

VOTTELER Lacktechnik GmbH Malvenstraße 7 A-4600 Wels Tel.: +43 (0)7242 / 759-0 Fax: +43 (0)7242 / 759-113 at.info@votteler.com www.votteler.com

#### Germany

Heinrich König & Co. KG An der Rosenhelle 5 D-61138 Niederdorfelden Tel.: +49 (0)6101 / 53 60-0 Fax: +49 (0)6101 / 53 60-11 info@heinrich-koenig.de www.heinrich-koenig.de

FSG Schäfer GmbH Boschstraße 14 D-48703 Stadtlohn Tel.: +49 (0)2563 / 9395-0 Fax: +49 (0)2563 / 9395-25 verkauf@fsg-schaefer.de www.fsg-schaefer.de

FUNDERMAX ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR THE PRODUCTS OF THE COMPANIES LISTED REGARDING THE QUALITY AND SUITABILITY FOR SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS.



Due to their water-resistance, and hygienic surfaces, FunderMax Compact Interior panels are particularly suitable for use in wet rooms, shower screens, therapy rooms and changing rooms. Using these panels, architects and builders can ensure that the environmental and functional requirements are fully met.

## TECHNICAL NOTE ON THE USE OF FUNDERMAX COMPACT INTERIOR PANELS

Throughout the construction and mounting process it is particularly important to ensure that the material is not exposed to stagnated moisture. The panel material must always be able to dry out. For shower facilities which will be exposed to prolonged use, a sufficient ventilation system in the room is important.

■ Due to the material characteristics, it must thoroughly be ensured that during the adhesion process of FunderMax Compact Interior panels to one another (doubling, corner joints or bevelling), all bonded parts have the same fibre direction. This means that attachments should be made solely length to length and breath to breadth. The remaining panels must always be indicated with the production direction. Corner joints must be mechanically supported through the use of dowels, springs, special milling procedures etc. ■ For high levels of moisture e.g. shower cubicles or similar, a mechanical connection of joints is indispensable when combined with an elastic and watertight bonding adhesive system.

For the construction of cubicles from FunderMax Compact Interior panels, you have the possibility to choose from our extensive range of colours from the Fundermax collection. Please consult our current valid delivery programme. The construction elements described in this brochure 'Compact Interior technique 'are suitable for all areas of use of FunderMax Compact Interior panels. If other profiles, fixtures etc. are used, these must be provided in stainless steel quality if used in wet or damp rooms (Nirosta, brass, aluminium).

We reserve the right to make changes that affect the technical progress.

FunderMax



# **Construction examples**





CUBICLES WITH SHIELD ON THE FRONT SIDE

FIG. 3A



The construction examples on the following pages merely show a few possibilities for cubicle construction.

Requirements may vary depending on construction and fittings. As regards the panel thickness however, it is recommended that FunderMax Compact Interior panels with a thickness of 13 mm be used under all circumstances.

FIG. 3B

# **Construction examples**



FIG. 1B

Interior

FunderMax /



# **Construction details**

# **FLOOR CONNECTIONS**

In order to balance out uneven ground surfaces, but also to protect the FunderMax Compact Interior panels from a build-up-of water, foot supports from various suppliers are used (see suppliers/accessories for cubicles p. 55).

Wall separating supports



SUPPORTS WITH HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT, EXTERIOR VIEW





SUPPORTS WITH HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT, INTERIOR VIEW

Wall separating supports with in-built height adjustment



HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT IN-BUILT SUPPORTS, EXTERIOR VIEW





HEIGHT-ADJUSTABLE IN-BUILT SUPPORTS, INTERIOR VIEW

# **Construction details**

# **FLOOR CONNECTIONS**

L-profile natural anodised aluminium



# **Construction details**

# **CONNECTIONS OF SEPARATING AGENTS**

For attaching FunderMax Compact Interior panels to the wall aluminium, stainless steel or plastic brackets can be used.

Stainless steel wall connecting component with 2 black end caps





FLOOR CONNECTION WITH L-PROFILE

Floor connection for frontal uprights (for shower and screen walls) and cubicles FIG. 2



FIG. 5



HORIZONTAL CUT FLOOR CONNECTION WITH FORMING TUBE

Interior

FunderMax



Wall separating connection brackets made from plastic for the connection of the front components, to the outside walls.



HORIZONTAL SECTION



FIG. 7

Large expansion area ≤12 mm, meaning that a lateral adjustment is largely unnecessary. Access is however, not possible.

## WALL CONNETIONS

U-profile anodised aluminium for a connection of the separating screens to the wall for 13 mm FunderMax **Compact Interior panels** 



■ 2 separating wall end brackets made from plastic with 13 mm lights for FunderMax Compact Interior panels



# **Construction details**

# WALL CONNECTIONS

Trax-coupling for the connection of the separating walls to the front screens with 2 black cover plates for 13 mm thick panels.



TRAX-COUPLING OPEN

FIG. 1



FIG. 2



SIDE-VIEW OF THE COUPLING DRILLING

FIG. 3



CONNECTION OF THE SEPARATING WALL TO THE UPRIGHT FRAME

Interior

FunderMax

FIG. 4

# DOOR SUPPORT PROFILES AND LINTEL PROFILES

Lintel profile



VERTICAL SECTION OF THE LINTEL PROFILE ABOVE

FIG. 5



FIG. 6



SUPPORT AREA FOR INWARDS OPENING DOORS A MINIMUM OF 80 MM HIGH, IN ORDER TO BE ABLE TO HANG THE DOOR, DIMENSION A.

1746 XC 386 40 X V



# **Construction details**

# PANEL CONNECTIONS

For the connection of FunderMax Compact Interior panels, a separating wall panel thickness of 13 mm

Couplings for panel connections



VIEW OF MILLING OUT FOR COUPLING



STRAINING SCREW

Over - panelling



FIG. 10



HORIZONTAL SECTION - OVER - PANELLING

FIG. 11

The over-panelling must be at least 30 mm wide, glued with PUR glue and 3 to 4 screws in addition.

For walls wider than 1300 mm, a stiffening profile and a support must be provided.

# Suppliers/accessories for cubicles

#### CONSTRUCTION ELEMENTS

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PBA s.r.l. Via Enrico Fermi 1 I-36056 Tezze Sul Brenta (VI) Tel.: +39 0424 / 54 51 Fax: +39 0424 / 545 222 info@pba.it www.pba.it

PBA Deutschland Raiffeisen Str. 4a D-83607 Holzkirchen Tel.: +49 (0)8024 / 60 84 694 Fax: +49 (0)8024 / 47 49 890 info@de.pba.it www.corona-hv.de/pba.htm

Fa. Helmut Lohr Elisabethstraße 36 A-2380 Perchtoldsdorf Tel.: +43 (0)669 / 11506880 Fax: +43 (0)1 867 48 29 info@lohrshop.com

#### FITTING PARTS

HEWI Heinrich Wilke GmbH Postfach 1260 D-34442 Bad Arolsen Telefon: +49 (0)5691 / 82-0 Telefax: +49 (0)5691 / 82-319 info@hewi.de www.hewi.de

GM Zargenprofil Topglas Glas Merte GmbH & Co KG Brachsenweg 39 A- 6900 Bregenz Te.: +43 (0)5574 / 67 22-0

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Hueck + Richter Aluminium GmbH Rossakoasse 8 A-1230 Wien Tel.: +43 (0)1 / 667 15 29-0 Fax: +43 (0)1 / 667 15 29-0 www.hueck.at

Pauli + Sohn GmbH Fisenstraße 2 D-51545 Waldbröl Tel.: +49 (0)2291 / 9206-0 Fax: +49 (0)2291 / 9206-681 www.pauli.de

SWS Ges. f. Glasbaubeschläge Friedrich-Engels-Straße 12 Tel.: +49 (0)2291 / 7905-0 Fax: +49 (0)2291 / 7905-10 D-51545 Waldbröl info@sws-gmbh.de www.sws-gmbH.de

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Visible mechanical fastening with rivets or screws

FunderMax Compact Interior panels can be mounted on an aluminium substructure using rivets or on a wooden substructure using screws. Due to the material characteristics of Max Compact Interior, fixed and slide points must be drilled for the mounting process.

## VENTILATION

As with wall cladding, sufficient ventilation must also be ensured when processing ceiling panels and cladding. (see chapter on wall cladding).

#### **SLIDING POINT**

The diameter of the drill hole in FunderMax Compact must be drilled larger than the diameter of the fastening, depending on the required expansion clearance. This is the shaft diameter of the fastening plus 2 mm for every meter of cladding material starting from the fixed point.

The head of the fastening must be big enough so that the drill hole in Max Compact is always covered. The fastening is placed in such a way that the panel can move. The rivets must be put in place with a flexible mouthpiece. The defined distance allows a movement of the parts in the borehole (clearance 0.3 mm).

Screws must not be over-tightened. Do not use any countersunk screws.

## **FIXED POINT**

The fixed point allows for the equal distribution (halving) of swelling and shrinking movements. The drill diameter in the FunderMax Compact panels should be the same size as the diameter of the mounting device.

Per panel, a fixed point is drilled as close to the middle as possible. All other fastening holes are drilled as slide points.

Interio

**FunderMax** 



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# FOR INSTALLATION WITH MECHANICAL FASTENINGS

Panel thickness	maximum fastening spacing "b" single span panel	maximum fastening spacing "a" double span panel
6 mm	350 mm	400 mm
8 mm	400 mm	450 mm
10 mm	450 mm	500 mm
		TABLE 1

## **EDGE SPACINGS**

For reasons of stability and flatness, the edge spacings must be kept to without fail. The joints must be made at least 2 mm/m wide so that changes in size can take place without hindrance (Fig. 139).

## **FASTENING SPACINGS**

These are to be chosen in accordance with the struct-ural engineering requirements (calculations) or, if this is not necessary due to the local regulations, according to table no. 1.

Suppliers of fastening you will find on page 59 or at our Website www.fundermax.at

# а φ đ ¢ а φ R ¢ а ¢ φ φ а Ó Ó а Ó 50-80 а а 20 20

φ

#### FASTENINGS

It is essential that only fastening materials made from noncorroding materials can be used.

Max Compact installation screw with Torx 20 stainlesssteel X5Cr Ni Mo 17122 material No. 1.4401 V4A. Paintedhead available upon request. Drill diameter in Max Compactfor installation with screwsliding points:8 mm or as required.Fixed point:6 mm

Alu-Blind rivet with big head colour lacquered or with<br/>covering cap for wall claddings with FunderMax Compact<br/>panels on aluminium-substructures.Rivet sleeve:EN AW-5019 acc. DIN EN 755-2Rivet pin:steel material-no. 1.4541Pull-off strength of rivet pin: ≤ 5,6 KN<br/>lacquered head on request.

Diameter of drill hole in Max Compact for installation with rivets

Sliding points: 8,5 mm or as required Fixed points: 5,1 mm

Diameter of drill hole in aluminium substructure: 5,1 mm The rivets must be put in place with a flexible mouthpiece, clearance 0.3 mm. The rivet, flexible mouthpiece and riveting tool must be suited to each other.

FIG. 4



FIG. 1

Secret fastening with adhesive system

FunderMax Compact Interior panels can be attached to aluminium substructures using adhesive systems. The stability of the structure must be tested using static objects.

It is important that the respective construction supervisory body on a local or national level grants authorisation. Due to the different regional building regulations (building codes), the construction supervisory board can demand for additional support structures by means of mechanical fixings (rivets, screws etc.). The adhesion must be carried out following the processing regulations from the adhesive system manufacturer.

FunderMax recommends using adhesive systems which are also approved by the building authorities for the mounting of curtain-type ventilated facades.

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The following listed points must be considered throughout the working process:

# Pretreatment of aluminium substructures

- Sanding with abrasive fleece
- Pretreatment with cleaning product
- provided by the adhesive manufacturer Application of the primer following

the recommendations of the adhesive manufacturer

### Pretreatment of FunderMax Compact panels

 Sanding with abrasive fleece
 Pretreatment using the cleaning product provided by the adhesive manufacturer

Application of the primer following the recommendations of the adhesive manufacturer. All adhesive surfaces must remain clean, dry and greasefree. Throughout the construction process it must be ensured that the adhesive system is not exposed to any stagnated moisture.

Suppliers for fastenings: see page 59.

# Suppliers/accessories for ceilings and ceiling cladding

## FASTENINGS (MECHANICAL):

#### Austria

EJOT AUSTRIA GmbH Grazer Vorstadt 146 A-8570 Voitsberg Tel.: +43 3142 / 276 00-0 Fax: +43 3142 / 276 00-30 info@ejot.at, www.ejot.at

SFS Intec GmbH Wienerstraße 29 A-2100 Korneuburg Tel.: +43 (0)2262 / 90500 102 Fax: +43 (0)2262 / 90500 930 www.sfsintec.biz

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# **FASTENING SPACINGS**

MAX COMPACT INTERIOR					
Thickness (mm)	Fastening spacing (mm)	Projection (mm)			
10	320	180			
12	400	250			
		TABLE 1			

# **APPLICATION**

FunderMax Compact Interior panels are often used as table tops for school, desk, office, conference, lab or factory tables.

#### RESISTANCE

Due to their pore-free surfaces and excellent chemical resistance, FunderMax Compact Interior panels are very easy to clean. Further advantages of these panels include their high scratch, tear and impact resistance.

## STORAGE

Neither tables nor table panels should be stacked as the heavy stack weight can lead to damage.

### **PANEL THICKNESS**

The thickness of Max Compact Interior table panels should either be 12 mm, or at least 10 mm, in order to allow enough depth for screwing. Both panel thickness and mounting distances as well as expected load platforms, are directly linked and must be measured correspondingly.

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## FASTENING

The fastening of Compact Interior panels can be carried out in a number of different ways, however, due to the material characteristics, a linear free expansion must be considered during the mounting process. The panels can be mounted mechanically using screws. The screws can either be directly screwed into the panels or inserted using sleeve screws with internal and external threads (e.g. Rampa inserts). For this, the panels must be pre-drilled for to establish a thread. Fastening the panels using screws takes place from the underside of the material. Therefore, metric thread and flat-head screws are suitable. Washers can be used if required.

Due to Compact material characteristics, the fixing points must be sliding points.

Sliding point: The drill diameter in the substructure must be bigger than that of the mounting material depending on the corresponding Compact expansion room. The screw head should always cover the borehole. The mounting material will be attached in such a way that the panels are free to move. Screws should not be too tightly fastened. The middle point of the drilling in the substructure should correspond with the middle point of the drilling in the Max Compact.

Drill with centering sleeve! The fastening material should be attached from the middle of the panel outwards.



FIG. 2



# Examples of use with Max Compact Interior 12 mm











FIG. 9

FIG. 8







FIG. 6



FIG. 7



FIG. 11

Interior **FunderMax** 



## **CABINET BODY**

FunderMax Compact Interior panels are suitable for shopfittings, design applications, hospitals or for home and office furniture.

In principle, the same panel connections used for conventional furniture construction can be used. However, as it is not necessary to use the same panel strengths, the panels must be selected correspondingly.

Due to the material characteristics of the FunderMax Compact Interior panels, both fixed and sliding points must be drilled. During the adhesion process of FunderMax Compact Interior panels to corner joints, stumps or bevel cuts, it must be ensured that all bonded elements have the same production direction. That means adhesions must solely be made length to length and breadth to breadth. The remaining panels must always indicate the machine direction.

## **CABINET DOORS**

There are only several door hinges that are suitable for the thin panel thickness and therefore, door elements such as hinges can be doubled. It is important that the same panel material in the same thickness and decor is used in order to maintain symmetry.

Reactive adhesives are suitable for the adhesion process, for e.g. epoxy or solvent free PU glues (also see adhered corpus and corner joints).



OBJECT HINGE (FA. PRAMETA) FOR COMPACT DOORS PANELS, DOOR THICKNESS 10 -13 MM. SINGLE AXIS PIVOT POINT.

FIG. 2



UNSCREW STRAP HINGES FOR DOORS MADE FROM COMPACT PANELS

FIG. 3



# **Mechanical corner joints**

Due to the largely low material thickness, the recommended means of mounting are screwing or riveting (blind rivets). The drill diameter must be selected larger than the shaft diameter of the mounting materials (dimensional changes). In keeping with the larger screw heads, setting heads on rivets or washers should be used.

Max Compact Interior corner joints can be produced along the entire length using brackets. This is particularly necessary when covering large areas but also to support adhesive joints when used in wet rooms.

If the underside of the Max Compact panel above the substructure is being drilled from behind, fixed and slide points must be considered (as described in the table tops chapter). A minimum panel thickness of 13 mm is necessary to ensure sufficient drilling material.

# **Further examples of** mechanical connections:



CONNECTION WITH BRASS EXPANSION BOLT



CONNECTION WITH THE TAPPED HOLE DIRECTLY INTO THE COMPACT PANEL

FIG. 7







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Interior FunderMax

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# Suppliers/accessories

# FITTINGS/FASTENINGS (MECHANICAL):

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Hettich Holding GmbH & Co. oHG Vahrenkampstraße 12-16 32278 Kirchlengern Tel.: +49 5223 / 77-0 Fax: +49 5223 / 77-1202 info@de.hettich.com www.hettich.com

DEUTSCHE SALICE GMBH Rudolf-Diesel-Str. 10 D-74382 Neckarwestheim Tel.: +49 (0)7133 / 9807-0 Fax: +49 (0)7133 / 9807-16 info.salice@deutschesalice.de www.deutschesalice.de

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Max Compact Interior panels are particularly suitable for furniture construction, bathroom fittings, office furniture, shopfittings and a wide range of design applications.

Depending on the use, Max Compact Interior panels can be used in furniture construction using the standard adhesive systems to join or mount materials together or to clad a corresponding substructure.

# **Construction advice**

FunderMax Compact Interior panels shrink at the release of moisture and expand upon the intake of moisture. These possible dimensional changes of the panels must be taken into consideration during the processing and construction process. Metal constructions change their dimensions according to variations in temperature. However, the dimensions of Compact panels change under the influence of varying degrees of relative air moisture. These dimensional changes of structures and panels can work in opposing directions. Therefore, it is important to ensure sufficient expansion room during the mounting process.

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A rule of thumb for the required expansion clearance is: 2 mm/metre.

■ Due to the material characteristics, it is imperative that during the adhesion process of FunderMax Compact Interior panels to one another (corner joints, stumps or bevel cuts), all bonded parts have the same fibre direction. This means that attachments should be made solely length to length and breath to breadth. The remaining panels must always indicate the production direction. Corner joints must be mechanically supported through the use of dowels, springs, special milling procedures etc.

For high levels of moisture a mechanical connection of joints is indispensable when combined with an elastic and watertight bonding adhesive system.

Throughout the construction and mounting process it is particularly important to ensure that the material is not exposed to stagnated moisture. The panel material must always be able to dry out. For use in wet rooms e.g. bathrooms, a sufficient ventilation system in the room is important.

■ If FunderMax Compact Interior panels are set apart from the substructure, they must be protected against corrosion (rotting).

■ Visible edges, or edges within reach must be bevelled or at least sanded down using sand paper in order to prevent injuries or damages to the material.

We do not recommend to mill the surface of Compact with white core to maintain the perfect cleanability.

Please consult our application engineers. We reserve the right to make changes in line with technical progress.



# Installation possibilities for wash basins using Max Compact panels

# THE SIMPLE SOLUTION:

Cutting out/screwing in an 'insertable wash basin'

## THE RATIONAL SOLUTION:

The milling of Max Compact panels and the unscrewing of the built-in wash basin. For high quantities of components, the milling can be done with a table router using templates.





**Note:** Max Compact Interior panels with white core are not recommended for use with bathroom or kitchen furniture because their milled edges may be easier become soiled.

# THE ELEGANT SOLUTION:







Recommendation for the production of sandwich elements with Max Compact

The production of sandwich elements takes place:

Through direct moulding into suitable technical devices.

Through glueing of the core material on the one sanded side of the Max Compact panels. This type of sandwich element is also simple for craftsmen to carry out.

### **CORE MATERIALS**

 Polystyrene hard foam panels (XPS or EPS)

- Rigid polyurethane foam panels
- Mineral wool panels
- (high density necessary)

# **ADVANTAGES AND APPLICATIONS**

 Decorative surfaces with high insulation values can be achieved
 Stable and light-weight door elements

## **IMPORTANT INFORMATION**

FunderMax

Max Compact panels must be processed in the same direction on both sides (production direction - there is twice as much swelling and shrinkage behaviour in a horizontal panel direction than there is vertically). Max Compact panels must be conditioned before adhering. As a timeframe for sufficient conditioning (normal workshop temperature) a period of 7-14 days should be given, depending on the panel thickness. Before the adhesion process, the adhesive surfaces must be degreased and dust-free. If there are no machine application devices available, a notched trowel can be used.

The applied quantity is stipulated by the adhesive manufacturer. Foams with a certain elasticity compensate for different changes in length e.g. for variations of temperature inside and outside.

# **ADHESIVES**

Solvent-free reactive adhesives such as polyurethane or epoxy resin e.g. ICEMA R 145/44 or ICEMA R 145/12 of the company H.B. Fuller Austria GmbH-DINITROL 517 A/B or ICEMA 101/25 + Härter 7 DKS Technik GmbH

## Advice

Not every adhesive can be removed from the panels. Own test samples using glue must be carried out before the process begins. Under all circumstances, please adhere to the process-

ing regulations provided by the adhesive manufacturer. For the protection of the surfaces, protective films must be left on the panels. When using hot-melt adhesives, do not exceed 60° C.

# MOUNTING

Sandwich elements with Max Compact panels should be mounted with sufficient room for expansion (2 mm/metre) built into a rotating frame structure. It is imperative that stagnated moisture within the frame profile is avoided. Frame drainage and glazing blocks shall be provided. For late grouting use the weather side with glazing tapes. It must be ensured that the rebated moulds are sufficiently stable to be able to fasten mechanically (screws, nails, rivets etc)so that they remain firmly intact even under occasional tensions for e.g. wind pressure. The mounting process must at least correspond to that of the laminate glass. Different uses for the sandwich elements with Compact Interior and System wall dividers (e.g. offices) include: gate, door or window parapet panels, infill panels for wall dividers, vehicle construction and containers. trade fairs and cold storage cells.





# **General information**

FunderMax Compact panels can be mounted in different ways onto railings and balustrades. They can be screwed or riveted onto a supporting structure and they can also be fixed using glass clamps.

FunderMax Compact Interior panels shrink at the release of moisture and expand upon the intake of moisture. These possible dimensional changes of the panels must be taken into consideration during the processing and construction process. Metal constructions change their dimensions according to variations in temperature. However, the dimensions of Compact panels change under the influence of varying degrees of relative air moisture. These dimensional changes of structures and panels can work in opposing directions. Therefore, it is important to ensure sufficient expansion space during the mounting process. As a rule of thumb, a necessary expansion room of: 2 mm/metre applies.

## **HOLE PATTERN**

For holes in FunderMax Compact Interior panels we recommend using higher panel thicknesses for fall protection. Also see processing recommendations on page 27.

# **Construction advice**

■ FunderMax Compact Interior panels should only ever be mounted as infill panels for supporting substructures.

Throughout the construction and mounting process it is particularly important to ensure that the material is not exposed to stagnated moisture. The panel material must always be able to dry out.

■ Due to the material characteristics, it must thoroughly be ensured that during the adhesion process of FunderMax Compact Interior panels to one another (corner joints, stumps or bevel cuts), all bonded parts have the same production direction. This means that attachments should be made solely length to length and breath to breadth. The remaining panels must always indicate the production direction.

The substructure must be protected against corrosion (rotting). n All edges within reach must be sanded, v-joints form between the panel joint.

Please contact our technical support. We reserve the right to make changes that effect the technical progress.

## **FASTENING POINTS**

There are almost always 3 fastening points in every direction. Structural evidence must be shown. The stability of the railing will be guaranteed by the processor. We would like to point out, that this information relates to height distances and can only be used for flawless connections. Adequate screw and rivet dimensions must be adhered to.

Please take note: In our brochure 'Technique Exterior' we demonstrate different mounting possibilities for railings with compact panels, which have all been tested and approved by the 'ETB guidelines for structural elements that protect against falls' (from 6.1.85).



FASTENING SPACINGS ⊗ FIXED POINT FIG. 1

FASTENING SPACINGS FOR SCREWED AND RIVETED JOINTS		FASTENING SPACINGS FOR CLAMPING PLATES		
Max Compact Panel Thickness in mm	AW/AS	Max Compact Panel Thickness in mm	AW	AS
8	< 400 mm	8	< 900 mm	< 400 mm
10	< 500 mm	10	< 1100 mm	< 500 mm
	TABLE 1			TABLE 2

# Suppliers/accessories for railings

#### VARIOUS ACCESSORIES:

Schachermayer Großhandelsgesellschaft mbH Schachermayerstr. 2-10 A-4021 Linz Tel.: +43 (0)732 / 6599 - 0 Fax: +43 (0)732 / 6599 - 1360 zentrale@schachermayer.at www.schachermayer.at

Hueck + Richter Aluminium GmbH Rossakgasse 8 A-1230 Wien Tel.: +43 (0)1 / 667 15 29-0 Fax: +43 (0)1 / 667 15 29-0 www.hueck.at

Pauli + Sohn GmbH Eisenstraße 2 D-51545 Waldbröl Tel.: +49 (0)2291 / 9206-0 Fax: +49 (0)2291 / 9206-681 www.pauli.de

Interior

FunderMax

SWS Ges. f. Glasbaubeschläge Friedrich-Engels-Straße 12 Tel.: +49 (0)2291 / 7905-0 Fax: +49 (0)2291 / 7905-10 D-51545 Waldbröl info@sws-gmbh.de www.sws-gmbH.de

Lauterbach GmbH Heraeusstraße 22 D-06803 Bitterfeld-Wolfen/OT Greppin Tel.: +49 (0)3493 / 82 76 76 Fax: +49 (0)3493 / 92 29 06 info@lauterbach-gmbh.com www.lauterbach-gmbh.com

ALUKÖNIGSTAHL GmbH Goldschlagstrasse 87-89 A-1150 Wien Tel.: +43 (0)1 / 98 130-0 Fax: +43 (0)1 / 98 130-64 office@alukoenigstahl.com www.alukoenigstahl.com SCHÜCO International KG Karolinenstraße 1-15 D-33609 Bielefeld Tel.: +49 (0)521 / 7830 Fax: +49 (0)521 / 78 34 51 info@schueco.com www.schueco.com

NORMBAU Beschläge und Ausstattungs GmbH Schwarzwaldstrasse 15 D-77871 Renchen Tel.: +49 (0)78 43 / 7 04-0 Fax: +49 (0)78 43 / 7 04-43 info@normbau.de www.normbau.de

HEWI Heinrich Wilke GmbH Prof.-Bier-Straße 1-5 D-34454 Bad Arolsen Telefon: +49 5691 82-0 Telefax: +49 5691 82-319 info@hewi.de www.hewi.de

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# **FASTENING VARIETIES**

A) Direct fastening using blind rivets with flat round-head of 5.0 x 21 stainless steel and rivet washers NR 8; inner diameter 5.1 mm. Set rivets with hinge tips.



B) Mounting devices screwed to the

railing tube (e.g.: Schüco, Alu König

Stahl, Längle)

FIG. 2

FIG. 4

VARIANT B

C) Welded steel handles with raised counter-sunk head screws M6 x 20 DIN 964 and cap nut M6 DIN 1587 (stainless steel). D) Welded steel handles with two clamping plates and hexagon bolts M6 x 25 DIN 933, cap nut M6 DIN 1587 and sheets M6 DIN 121 A (stainless steel).



VARIANT D

E) Mounting of Max Compact panels with pairs of circular plates  $\emptyset$  ... mm; 5 mm thick. The base plates are welded to aligned projections jutting from vertical rail stanchions. The cover plates are screwed with 2 stainless steel countersunk screws (M6 x 20 DIN 963) through the drill holes in the Max Compact panel (expansion clearance!) to the base plates.



VARIANT E

**Exclusion of Liability** 

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FIG. 5

FIG. 3

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FIG. 6

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